An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تابعر يومية شبياسية بَهُ الله المناسبة عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية الراي،

No Egypt-Israel accord on PLO

WASHINGTON (R1 — The foreign ministers of Egypt and Israel said Tuesday their first joint meeting with President Reagan had failed to resolve the question of bringing the Palestine Liberation Organisation into Middle East peace negotiations. Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres and his Egyptian counterpart Esmat Abdul Meguid met Reagan at the United Nations Mooday (see page St. The ministers agreed, in separate U.S. television interviews, the session was a welcome signal the United States remained involved in the Middle East peace process. Peres said: "It was an important declaration that peace is not dead and we do possess a basis to continue the peace process. I consider this meeting very opportune and very promising." Abdul Meguid welcome a declaration from Reagan that he had added the political rights of the Palestinians to the problems of refugees and bumanitarian measures which had previously dominated the American approach. "It's a political cause that has to be addressed politically to find a solution for the Palestinian problems," the Egyptian minister said. He said Reagan had urged the brachs to meet Palestinian leaders, although it posed a conflict with the Israeli stand.

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AMMAN WEDNESDAY SEPTEMBER 28, 1988, SAFAR 16, 1409

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AROUND THE WORLD...

Hirohito has another blood transfusion

TOKYO (R) — Japan's ailing Emperor Hirohiro, still bleeding internally, had another blood transfusion Tnesday after sending greetings 10 his anxious subjects. The 87-year-old emperor had already received three litres of blood since he collapsed Sept. 19 at the start of a nine-day fight for life. Court officials said he received the latest batch of blood Tuesday afternoon and described him as in stable but critical condition.

China launches rocket from nuclear sub

PEKING (R) — China has successfully launched a rocket from one of its nuclear submarines, the New China News Agency said in a brief report Tuesday. The rocket, launched between Sept. 14 and 27, landed in its larget area in the East China Sea, the agency said. It did not say how far the rocket travelled.

Lawyers seek to free ill S. African fugitive

JOHANNESBURG (R) - Lawyers for a black fugitive holed up in the U.S. consulate in Johannes burg said Tuesday the man was ill and that they were negotiating with the South African government for his freedom. Clifford Ngcobo, 30, escaped from a security guard in a bospital Wednesday and took refuge in the consultate's 11th floor nffices. Lawyer Fink Haysom said he was discussing Ngcobo's bealth with the government with a view to ending his consulate sit-in. Ngcobo; who had been detained without charge under emergency regulations since April, joined three other prominent activists who fled to the consulate the previous week.

200 million children risk blindness

GENEVA (R) - About 200 millioo children worldwide risk blindness and death through lack of Vitamin A deficiency, the World Health Organisation (WHO) said Tuesday. The agency called for urgent action to pravide vitamin supplements to children at risk in 37 countries of Africa, Asia and Latin America. Good sources of vitamin A include liver, milk, butter and eggs, spinach, carrots, mangoes and panayas.

Ozal to visit Italy in October

ANKARA (R) - Turkish Prime Minister Turgut Ozal will make a two-day official visit to Italy next month mainly for economie talks, Turkish officials said Tuesday. The Oct. 5-6 visit will be the first by a Turkish prime minister to Italy in 56 years.

U.S. rejects suggestion of new Afghan talks

WASHINGTON (R) - The State Department Monday rejected Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze's suggestion for a four-nation conference in New York to discuss alleged violations of Afghan peace accords. Accusing Pakistan of violating the accords, Shevardnadze said Friday the foreign ministers of the Soviet Union, Pakistan, Afghanistan and the United States might meet this week or next during the opening of the United Nations General Assembly to discuss the issue of violations. "We dnn't see the need for such a meeting," State Department Spokeswaman Phyllis Oakley told a oews briefing, adding that Afghanistan was certain to be discussed during the General Assembly.

Polisario see obstacles to Sahara peace

PARIS (R) — The chief negotiator of the Polisario Front, which is battling Morocco for control of the Western Sahara, said Monday that U.N. peace efforts for the territory faced major obstacles. Bachir Moustapha sayed told a news conference there were still "huge obstacles to be surmounted" to a U.N. plan for a ceasefire and a referendum offering the territory's people a choice between independence or integration with Morocco. Morocco and the Polisario agreed in principle last month to the U.N. plan to end their 12-year-old war. But Sayed said: "The continuation of the (peace) process depends on direct negotiations." The polisario has linked a ceasefire to direct talks, which Morocco has rejected.

Israel may recall Arab diplomat

TEL AVIV (AP) - Right-wing politicians bave demanded the recall of the first Israeli Arab ever appointed to a diplomatic post for reportedly saying be favours a Palestinian homeland, Israeli newspapers reported Tuesday. Moshe Arens, a cabinet minister and former U.S. ambassador, called for the immediate replacement of Israel's Consul 10 Atlanta Mohammad Masarwa, 46, for comments he allegedly made during a speech two months ago, the daily Haaretz reported. The right-wing Tchiya and Tzomet parties have also demanded Masarwa's recall, the Maariv daily said. The foreign ministry was investigating Masarwa's statements, a spokesman said.

Huge caches of arms found in N. Ireland

BELFAST (AP) - Security forces found "a huge arsenal" of weapons, including a rocket launcher, hidden in underground bunkers near the Irish border, police said Tuesday. The Royal Ulster Constabulary (RUC) said "a number of people" were arrested for questioning about the arms caches, discovered on Monday and Tuesday around Strabane, County Tyrone, near Northern Ireland's northwest border with the Irish Republic. The haul included a Sovier RPG-7 rocket launcher and two warheads, more than 455 kilogramme of homemade explosives, two AKM assault rifles, one shotgun, a large quantity of ammunition and magazines, detonators, explosive fuses and propellant charges, police said.

Saudi ambassador to Denmark dies

COPENHAGEN (R) — Sheikh Fouad Safwat Husseini, 66, the Saudi Arabian ambassador to Denmark, died Monday, the Danish Foreign Ministry announced. Sheikh Fouad had been ambassador in Denmark since 1986.

Pakistani court overrules late Zia

ISLAMABAD (R) - The late President Mohammad Zia Ul Haq acted unconstitutionally in dissolving the lower house of parliament and state assemblies. a Pakistani court ruled Tuesday. The reasons Zia gave for his action May 29 were "so vague, general and non-existent (they) are not sustainable in law," said a ruling by five judges sitting in the Lahore high court. "The constitution does not envisage dissolution of assemblies at will," Pakistan's official APP news ageocy quoted the court as saying.

Soviet INF experts in West Germany

FRANKFURT (AP) - Soviet missile experts arrived in West Germany Tuesday to verify compliance with the superpower treaty scrapping intermediate-range nuclear forces (INF), the U.S. air force said. The 10-man team is the third Soviet group to inspect U.S. missile bases in West Germany under the terms of the forces INF treaty signed last December.



Protesters wave Palestinian flags and chant slogans after a demonstrator was shot dead by Israeli

2 more killed, injuries mount in uprising

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Palestinians staged widespread protests and a general strike in the Israeli-occupied Gaza Strip Tuesday as two protestors were reported dead and 15 injured in the clashes.

In the occupied West Bank, violeot activities but not to kill nospital officials confirmed the them." first two deaths from plastie bullets since the Palestinian uprising began, and Israeli Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin defended the use of the new ammunition.

The deaths of the two brought into question the army's new taetie of allowing troops to fire ited Nations bas protested the in Gaza City.

ary camp in Beit El, about 20 stration by dozens of protessers in kilometres north of Jerusalem, his camp, said Dr. Ahmad Rabin said plastic bullets were Yazejeh of Shifa hospital in Gaza added to the soldiers arsenal in city. One bullet hit his face, August after rubber bullets, tear- Yazejeh said, "but a plastic bullet gas and clubs "proved to be to the heart killed him." insufficient to cope" with increas-

Asked about the U.N. protest over the bullets, he said that his job was to reduce violence in the West Bank and Gaza.

The first confirmed fatalities from plastic bullets were identified by hospital officials as Osama Braikah, 17, of Khan Yunis replastie bullets more freely at fugee camp, and Jihad Zanoun, Palestinian protesters. The Un- 27, of the Daraj neighbourhood

Braikah was hit by two plastic In a news conference at a milit- bullets Tuesday during a demon-

Yazejeh said he received the ing protests.

He added: "Our purpose is to Nasser Hospital in Khan Yunis,

Nasser Hospital in Khan Yunis,

Project Was declared dead information from physicians at increase the number (of wound- where Braikah was declared dead ed) among those who take part in on arrival. A spokesman at Nas-

ser haspital also confirmed the fatality was caused by a plastic The other victim, Zanoun, died

Monday after being struck io the ehest by a plastie bullet during clashes in Gaza City, according to doctors at Shifa bospital. The army prosecutor said he had ordered four soldiers from

the Givao brigade to be tried on manslaughter charges in the beating death of Hani Shami after a stanethrowing incident in the Gaza Strip's Jabaliya refugee camp in August.

Hospital officials in the Gaza Strip said troops wounded at least 15 with live ammunition and plasuc bullets in Khan Younis, Deir Al Balah, Gaza City and the Sha'ti refugee camp. Palesunian sources said at least

two protesters were injured by troops in Jenin and Kfar Qallil in the West Bank.

On Monday, three Palestinians were killed and 68 were wounded in the Gaza Strip and West Bank and the Palestinian Shabiba youth movement called for the general strike and violent demonstradons on Tuesday to protest against the high number of

Soviet Union proposes international space agency

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies)

— The Sovier Union Tuesday called on the United States to join Moscow in creating a world space organisation, which would use a disputed Siberian radar base as its eye on the heavens.

Sovier leader Mikhail Gorbachev suggested earlier rhis month that the Soviet radar base at Krasnoyarsk, Siberia, be turned over 10 an international agency for the peaceful exploration of space.

The United States says the radar violates the 1972 anti-balliste missile treaty and must be demolished.

Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze said in his speech Tuesday to the General Assembly that the United Stares should join the Soviets in the space agency and donate U.S. radar units in Greenland and Britain.

Shevardnadze launehed the latest Soviet diplomatie initiative to make the United Nations a "unique global centre for ensuring universal and regional security, and the security of each

The Western allies tegard the Soviet proposal as a new organisational plan that would replace the U.N. Charter, and they are reluctant to tinker with the existing structure of the world body. Shevardnadze also said Tuesday the Security Council should

bold foreign ministers' meetings and offered Moscow as a site. The 15-nation eouneil also could meet in the capitals of the

other permanent members -Washington, Paris, London and Peking - Sbevardnadze said. On other issues, Shevardnadze

said the U.S.-Soviet treaty to scrap all intermediate-range nuclear missiles should be supplenented by an agreement limiting the spread of military missile technology that "could be work-ed out only under the auspices of the United Nations." On conventional arms, the

Soviet diplomat suggested that the United Nations register all eonventional arms sales and Turning to Afghanistan, She-

vardnadze said "The Geneva

local instance of a regional conflict settlement. ... they are a new promising beginning in world politics, attesting to a qualitative change in political thinking."

Shevardnadze said the Soviets are obeying the accords, but com-plained of "violations."

On his hopes for a superpower strategic arms treaty. Shevardnadze asked the United States to "reconsider its attitude to the verification of mobile missiles and of sea-launched cruise mis-

He also called for the ban of all chemical weapons.

Crown Prince calls for Arab centre for in-depth analysis

By Rania Atalia Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Tuesday called on Arab intellectuals to establish a centre for in-depth analysis that would articulate issues of importance to the Arab World, face up 10 the Arab World's challenges and convey the Arab Nation's voice to the international community.

"We today are in dire need for in-depth analysis evaluating the Arab political situation," the Crown Prince said at the opening of a seminar on political regimes in the Arab World. The Arab World, he said, "relies on pluralism and responsible and constructive dialogue... (which is) the only means of escaping the enemy's plans."

Prince Hassan called on participants to delve into dialogue, and to exchange and analyse informatinn in order to achieve fruitful results for the Arab World. He said Arab intellectuals could convey their voices and analysis to the outside world only after surpassing the stage of limited thinking and defining and highlighting the common denominator amongsi them.

The Crown Prince said if the Arab World continues to unquestioningly accept what Arab and foreign media sources say without projecting its own opinion and evaluation of the Arab situation. then it would inevidently see even more disintegration and fragmentation by the end of the

Prince Hassan warned of the dangers of Zionist plans against the Arab World as well as balkanisation in the area. He said the Arab World was resorting to regional groupings rather than joint tion at a nime when outside



HRH Crown Prince Hassan

ing with countries bilaterally rather than dealing with the region as a whole.

The Crown Prince expresses confidence that the Arab Association of Political Science, organisers of the seminar, had before chances of success if it were seriously consider setting up an

analysis network or centre. Constructive dialogue, he Crown Prince said, should by established between intellectuals and politicians in the Arab World, far from regionalism, le-

mited visions and introversion. He said that Jordan, which constantly plays host to various thought forums, does not impose its views on any Arab or Islamic thinking activity. Rother, it

(Continued on page 2)

Jordan rejects Israeli report

AMMAN (Petra) - An official Jordanian spokesman Tuesday dismissed as baseless a report carried by Radio Israel earlier in the day that Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri and the Israeli foreign minister were introduced to each other and shook bands with each other during a reception bosted by U.S. President Ronald Reagan. The spokesman said the report was "one of Israeli-fabricated reports which the Israeli information media carry from time to

Lawzi: Jordan contributed effectively to IPU talks

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jordan conion (IPU) and to debating the issue during the session held last week and this week, Upper House of Parliament Speaker

Ahmad Lawzi said Tuesday. In an arrival statement carried by the Jordan News Agency, Petleading the Jordanian delegation to the IPU meeting held in Sofia, powers have grown used to deal- Bulgaria, Lawzi noted that one of tee member.

the resulutions adopted by the tributed effectively to including conference endorsed the call for the Palestinian uprising in the an international peace conference agenda of the 80th session of the on the Middle East under 11 N. an international peace conference International Parliamentary Un- auspices and attended by the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council and all parties involved in the Arab-Israeli conflict, including the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

Lawzi said the IPU elected the speaker of the Senegalese pariiara, upon his return home after ment as its obsirman and Egyptian People's Assembly member Laila Tugli as executive commit-

U.S. envoy launches fresh efforts in Lebanese crisis

ited States, its choice of a compromise president for Lebanon his cabinet would summon the eastern suburb of Aukar. rejected by bardline rightists, renewed efforts Tuesday to end the ministries Friday and tell them to immediately verified with either country's worst polinical crisis in 45 years of independence.

New U.S. Ambassador John McCartby, unable to present his credentials in the absence of a head of state, had talks on the crisis with the leaders of Lebanon's rival government.

Amin Gemayel appointed the interim Christian government on Thursday minutes before his term as president ended without a successor having been chosen.
The mostly Christian righust

leaders rejected the last-minute compromise candidate agreed by Washington and Damascus. Parliamentary Deputy Mikhael Daher, saying he was too pro-Syrian.

We agreed the most impor-tant thing for Lebanon is to reach a successful presidential election," McCarthy said after meeting Salim Hoss at government house in west Beirut ringed by Syrian tanks.

Sources close to Hoss said McCarthy gave assurances that the United States was still doing all it could to ensure a presidenual election was held.

On the other side of the green line battle front splitting the city. army commander General Michel Aoun ehaired a session of his "interim military government" at | said.

directors-general of government get back to work. Aoun fired four colonels from

key posts Tuesday in a shakeup aimed at purging supporters of Aoun also was reported to have restricted the relative free-

dom of travel that the U.S. embassy had enjoyed for more than four years. The daily newspaper Al Diyar.

based in east Beirut, said the general banned direct helicopter

BEIRUT (Agencies) - The Un- the Baabda presidential palace. flights to and from the U.S. Aoun told reporters afterwards embassy premises in Beirui's : The report, which could not be

Aoun's office or the embassy. said the U.S. diplomatic mission was told that American helicopters can only land or take off from the army's helicopter base in

Police, meanwhile, said three bombs exploded in west Beirut during the night, wounding one civilian and destroying several shops and cars.

(Continued on page 2)

Gulf talks resume Saturday in New York

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) and Iraq will resume face-to-face talks Saturday in the U.N.-mediated peace process, a U.N. spokesman said Tuesday.

"On I October the secretarygeneral and his personal representative will meet jointly with the two foreign ministers to pursue the talks aimed at achieving the implementation of Resolution 598 in all its aspects," a spokesman for the U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar

In Abu Dhabi, the Iraqi oil - The foreign ministers of Iran minister said Tuesday his country was committed to peace talks with Iran. Issam Abdul Rahim Al Chalabi

briefed Abu Dhabi's Cown

Prince Sheikh Khalifa Ibn Zaid Al Nahayan on the peace talks and "affirmed Iraq's determination to continue the peace proeess," the Emirates news agency Sheikh Khalifa said the United

Arab Emirates (UAE) was ready to help push negotiations forfragi First Deputy Prime

Minister Taha Yassin Ramadan said Tuesday Iraq insists that the ceasefire in its war with Iran also applies to shipping. Iraq insists on its position that

the ceasefire should be on dryland and water." Baghdad Radio quoted him as telling Iraqi workers in North Yemen.

The question of free navigation in the Gulf is one of the main obstacles to a breakthrough in the peace talks which opened in Geneva after the Aug. 20 cease-

Iran's foreign minister left Tehran Tuesday for New York. The Iranian news agency IRNA said Ali Akbar Velayati flew from Tehran to attend the United Nations General Assembly and told newsmen before leaving the U.N. secretary-general hoped to hold a new round of peace talks

Sudanese rebels hit airplane near Juba

KHARTOUM (Agencies) - Rebels machinegunned an airliner piereing the fuselage as it was about to land at the refugee packed town of Juba in south Sudan, security and aviation sources said.

They said the Boeing 707 land- sion. ed safely despite hullet holes in the body and tail. No one was

The attack sparked fears that the aitlift of relief supplies to said it captured a key military Juba might be threatened. Rebel stronghold only 25 kilometres ambushes and land mines have from Juba, some 1,200 kilometres already stopped road convoys south of Khartoum. from Uganda and Kenya.

Two projectiles, possibly rocket-propelled grenades, were also fired at the Nile Safaris plane in Sunday's attack hut missed, the sources said Monday.

The aircraft later returned to

The attack took place shortly

after rebels of the Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA) renewed their long-standing threat to shoot-down aircraft flying in the south without their permis-It came two days after the

SPLA, which has fought government troops in the mainly Christian and Animist south since 1983.

45 arrested

A senior official said 45 persons, including a member of parliament, have been arrested and are being interrogated about supplying the rebels with information

on government movements. Abdul Rasoul Al Nour, governor of Kordofan region in western Sudan, was quoted Monday by the Sudan News Agency as saying that the men were members of a hitherto unknown organisation calling itself "We in

Kadugli is a major town in Kordofan, 600 kilometres south west of Khartoum.

Al Nour said members of the organisation were Sudanese of African origin. He said the arrests took place last month in Kadugli.

He said its members were recruiting followers, providing information about government troop movements to the SPLA. and had been plauning to assassination of tribal chiefs in the area

who supported the government. Al Nour said that "We in Kadugli" organisation was apparently trying to evacuate Arab, Muslim Sudanese from Kadugli. Kadugli and the surrounding

Nuba mountain area is inhabited mainly by Animists and Christians of African origin. But there are Muslim Arabs in the main towns like Kadugli. Al Nour said those arrested

had confessed to belonging to the organisation. He said a member of parliament for Kordofan, Haroun Kaffi, was also arrested after being stripped of his par-

liamentary immunity. He implied that the Sudan National Party of Father Phillip Ghaboush, might be involved in "We in Kadugli" organisation. alongside the U.N. session.

End of an Indian summer

As the nights draw in, and the birds fly south, Subair Obeidat gathered a kaleidoscope of impressions on the changing of the

By Suhair Obeidat Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Summer is finally over. The long hot, summer that looked for a while as though it was refusing to make way for autumn. But finally it is leaving. It paused briefly to take its leave a few days ago but eventually it took its bows and left the stage, after giving us a last taste of the upper thirties centigrade.

Ice cream will soon be out of season, and chocolate hars will oot melt in car-glove compartments. The heat witnessed in Amman last week was just the emotional farewell of a dying

"It was heatwave." Meteorology Department Director Ali Abanda said describing last week's weather. We have witnessed this weather before, but this was the end of summer," he confirmed.
Iana Alayan, a psychology

student, said she mourned the end of summer, because she dislikes winter, which "is very cold, messy and depressing. This reaction was shared by many young people, hut pa-rents had a different opinion: "I'm glad summer is over," Fadwa Sa'ad, a mother of four, told the Jordan Times. "Now, the kids start going to school, and things become more orga-

Some visiting Jordanian expatriates, often with their noisy children, hegin to return to their respective countries of residence. Their hosts, happy to have seen their relatives, are at the same time relieved that the hectic summer is over. "Perhaps, now, we can have some peace." one said.

Social life takes a definite turn. People can better socialise after summer, because many of those on summer vacation abroad return home. Many believe that people become closer to each other because they spend more time indoors, which also streogthens family ties.

Traffic jams also become more bearable. There is less blowing of horns at traffic lights under the blistering heat, and taxi drivers are more patient with each other.

Pedestrians may not be very season, but they still have some time to enjoy their walks before winter spoils it for them turning the streets into large swamps where motorists play their favourite sport of splashing pedestrians.

Weddings become rare in winter. So does the tooong of car horns in the streets and drivers thinking they are on a formula one racing track. Another disincenove for these arrogant and daddy-spoiled

brats is the disappearance of mini-clad girls on the streets for them to impress with daredevil driving skills.

But at the same ome, cafe trottoirs will also fade into temporary oblivion unless rescued by the die-hards who don't mind an occasional

"I hate summer," said Dina Dahbas, an English-language student. "I can't wait until it is winter. Summer is socky and the humidity makes it even

Apart from observations on the contrast between summer and winter, autumn seems to be fine with everyone. It is in between the hot and cold seasons. It prepares people

psychologically and pbysically and offers them the chance to get their winter clothes ready for the colder days. Autumn clothes are more soher, and warmer and look better, not as shabby as summer clothes or as heavy as in winter.

Leaves start falling and the skies become more colourful, decorated with abstract colour formacions. Autumn offers a pause for people to catch their breath, a chance to gather up their strength to face the exhaustingly expensive winter. It hurns holes in people's pockets just thinking of the expenses they will have to face.

It costs a small fortune to keep a centrally-heated home warm throughout the Jordanian winter. Not to mention fuel for heaters for the lower-

income families, who will have to move around feeling like turtles in their cold-proof shells of many heavy layers of garments. Nevertheless, they cannot help shivering when they contemplate the prospects of having to spend a bundle on these vital means of protection and survival.

Despite all the gloominess of winter, snow in Amman is a joy for all. Everyone gets a couple of days off, especially little children of school age who squeal with delight at the sight of the white powder.

As summer takes a bow and autumn steps in, with winter looming large behind it, the cycle of nature proceeds, relentlessly, inevitably, emphasising the supremacy of nature over all creatures of the



As the warmth recedes from summer's public winter's white carpet offers alternative entertainplaces, such as the Jerash Festival (above), ment (below).



Former Carter aide sees no early solution to Mideast conflict by next U.S. president

By Najwa Najjar Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - An advisor to former President Jimmy Carter foresees no comprehensive solution to the Arah-Israeli conflict within the first six months of the next U.S. president's term.

"Whether (Vice President George) Bush or (Governor Michael) Dukakis wins the elecoons, I believe that they will spend the first six months acquaining themselves with the Middle East region and looking for a partner on hehalf of the Palestinians," said Stuart Eizenstat during a 45 minute Worldnet interactive dialogue held at the

American Centre Tuesday. Participating for 15 minutes of the dialogue was the director of the Middle East Resource Centre for Non-Violence, Muharak Awad. Jordan Times and Al Ra'i commentator Dr. Walid Sa'di and the Egyptian journalist from Al Haram Arabic daily, Mohammad Abdullah quescioned the two speakers on the U.S. presidential candidates and President Reagan's oblivion to the Middle East, and the consequences of the oblivion on the region in the next

According to Eizenstat the reasons the candidates did not refer to the Middle East in their first dehate held Monday, were because, "the journalists did not concentrate any of their questions on the Middle East, probably Bush and Dukakis share similar views on the issues."

He added that decrease in the U.S. media attention on the inofada, the ceasefire in the Iran-Iraq war and the desire to appeal to the domestic audience were the three other main reasons behind the candidates disregard to the region.

"The U.S. needs to put pressure on all the involved parties, and no candidate wants to talk about that in the middle of a campaign. Nor do they want to pick an issue which has a collec-tive sense of exhaustion," Eizenstat said.

Later in the dialogue, Eizenstat contradicted this statement when he said, "the U.S. can encourage the partners in the conflict (to reach a solution) and can help set the conditions. But, the U.S. can't and won't pressure Israel or other parties to do something contraty to their standards." He outlined what the Arah

World can expect from either of the two candidates when they reach the Oval office: - During the initial period the president will reassure Israel and friendly Arah states of the coo-

- The U.S. administration will work to bring the Soviet Union into the peace process because of their influence on the Paleso-

them and the U.S.

only if General Secretary Mikhail Gorbachev is willing to talk equally with the Arabs as well as the Israelis. Referring to a toast Gorhachev made to PLO leader Yasser Arafat, Eizenstat believes the Soviet Union is ready to restore diplomatic ties with Israel, "if this does happen it will be difficult for the U.S. not to hring the Soviet Union into the negocacions and not to give the

Soviet Union a greater role." The president will then have to deal with the rearmament of Syria and the presence of medium and long range weapons in the

- The administration will deal with the Palestinian problem in the West Bank. Eizenstat expects a high level envoy to he appointed to the region full time to meet with Palestinians (if they are willing), Israelis and other accept this. He does not, however, expect a

realistic negociaong partner on behalf of the Palestinians to be found immediately. What would he acceptable to the U.S. is either "an indigenous Palesonian leader or if Arafat accepts (U.N. Resolution) 242, renounces violence and accepts the (Henry) Kissintinuation of close relations and of ger conditions of 1980." Addithe strategic agreements between tionally the U.S. administration will push "for a less ohvious Israeli military occupation." he

Similarly the U.S. administra-

because they know that both nians. However, this will occur tion does not expect the Palestinian declaration of independence to solve the conflict, he said "The American view is that the two long standing national claims to the same land should be reconciled through negotiations."

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He referred to the first Israeli Prime Minister David Ben Gurion's willingness in 1947 to accept a "sliver" of what is today Israel and said that Israel has been ready for four years to enter negoriations.

Awad said the American administration must face a "new reality" as a result of the intifada. The Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza are willing to accept a Palestinian state along side Israel. Yet every Palestinian individual is part of the PLO and they say that they accept the PLO... the U.S. administration and Israel must be ready to

Awad added that there was already a state in the occupied territories which "more international communities and some Israelis are accepting. The ques-tion is when (to declare the

state). On Dukakis' claim to move the American emhassy to occupied Jerusalem, Eizenstat said, "what Dukakis is saying is that every state has the right to designate where its capital should be." But he does not helieve that Dukakis will move the embassy "from day

Ministry seeks candidates for Baghdad award

AMMAN (Petra) - The Ministry of Culture and National Heritage has requested the four Jordanian universities, the Al Al Bait Foundation and the Jordanian Writers Federation to supply it with names of their candidates who will compete for the Bagh-dad Arab Cultural Award for

this award biennially through the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation tellectuals or writers, one from the Arab World and the other from foreign countries. The award, which is worth

\$10,000, was conferred for the first time on the late Lebanese intellectual and writer Mikhail Nuaimeh in 1983.

Also Tuesday, the ministry announced that it was taking part in an art exhibition to be held in Spain and has dispatched samples of painongs by two Jordanian artists to be displayed there.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE

Crown Prince calls for centre for analysis

(Continued from page one) strives to protect the independ-

ence of such meetings and provide the proper and free atmosphere for heated debates, he said. Also addressing the opening

session of the seminar was Dr. Kamel Abu Jaber, professor of political science at the University Prince Hassan's speech touched on a "weak spot" with regards to the Arab World.

suffered from a crisis in civilisa- of Political Science, said that tion, and that it was partially Arab unity, the most important disspirited and in need of change.

resist change should be told that and solidarity. Likewise, dewhat they fear is exactly what we velopment in the Arab World. are in need of most," Abu Jaber said. "Our lives can only be Arab unity. stabilised through cann and constructive dialogue to convince those who are resisong change (to do otherwise)," he said adding that the Arab Nation had historically managed to adapt to

change.
"Calm does not necessarily imply social peace," Abu Jaber seminar will tackle other issues of said. "It is more of an indication concern to the Arah World such of death or death itself."

accompanied economic and social development in the Arah World. "The poliocal hardening of

veins which accompanies the social and economic development process (taking place)... leads to numerous mistakes which could otherwise be avoided," Ahu Jaber said. "If, God forbid, the of Jordan, who stressed that future is more of the same (as present), it will be an unprecedented disaster.

Dr. Wamid Nazmi, who spoke Abu Jaber said the Arab World on behalf of the Arab Association sspirited and in need of change. issue for Arabs, could not be "Those among us who fear and achieved without coordination

Nazmi said, is contingent upon However, he ooted that oo "serious attempt" on the practical level towards Arab unity ex-

isted in the Arab World. "This creates a feeling of desperation and depression" among Arabs, he said Participants in the three-day

as the Arab League, the role of He concluded by saying that the Fertile Crescent and the Gulf.

Saudi Arabia and the GCC. Arah cooperation and contemporary problems, as well as the outlook for the future.

Attending the opening ceremony were Court Minister Adnan Abu Oden, Information Minister Hani Khasawneh and a number of Arab intellectuals from Algeria, Egypt, Syria, Palestine, Jordan and other Arab countries taking part in the seminar.

U.S. launches new efforts

(Continued from page one)

The dynamite charges went off within four hours Monday night in west Beirut's Comiche Mazraa commercial thoroughfare and near the Carlton Hotel in the seaside Raouche district.

No group has claimed responsibility for the blasts.

Aoun said Tuesday his 'cabinet" would meet Tuesdays and Fridays and had ordered the drafting of decrees to promote army and police officers whose political development bad not Europe and the Arab World. ranks had been frozen since 1986.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

JORDAN TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE

...... Programme review Olympic Games summary

	News summary in Arabic
18:05	Message from Cairo
18:29	Local series
19:20	Local programme
19:40	Programme review
20:00	
20:30	
	Programme review
21:35	Olympic Games summary
23:00	News summary in Arabic
23: 10	Wrestling
PROG	RAMME TWO
18:09	La Production Primaire en Mei
18:30	Rue Carnot
19:00	News in French
	Un DB de plus
19:30	News in Hebrew
19:45	Olympic Sports
	Olympic apolic

RADIO JORDAN

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855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19

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08:00	
10:09	
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12:00	News Summa
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14:10	The Young Soun
15-00	Concert Hot
	News in Summar
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	Old Favourite
10:50	Jordan Week
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10.00	News Summar
19:00	Science Bases
10.34	Science Repo
19730	Musi

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(At the American Cultural Centre)

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12:00	Newsi
13:00	Hour US
14:00	America Tod
	From Jumpstra
	Healthbe
1S:45	Science Wor
	Firing Li
17:00	World Beat: Great Decision
	(English)
18:00	Growing a Business (English

SERVICE

639, 720, 1323 KHz

07:00 Newsdesk 07:30 Sportsworld 08:00 World News 08:09 Thenty-Four Hours: News Summary 08:30 Report on Religion 08:45 The World Today 09:00 Newsdesk 09:30 Meridian 10:00 World News 10:09 Twenty-Four Verse 15:25 The Farming World 15:45 Sports Roundup 16:90 World News 16:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Sum-mary 16:30 Sportsworld 16:45 De-

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17:00	World Beat: Great Decision
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18:00	Growing a Business (English

BBC WORLD

07:45 Reflections 07:50 Financial News Hours: News Summary 10:30 Develop-ment '88 11:50 World News 11:69 Reflections 11:15 Classical Record Review 11:30 Raffles 12:09 World News 12:09 British Press Review 12:18 The World Today 12:30 Financial News lollowed by Sport 12:45 Jazz Scene U.K. 13:00 News Summary followed by Omnibus 13:30 Prompt! 14:00 World News 14:09 News about Britain 14:15 Country Stories 14:30 Mendiar 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Time for velopment '88 17:00 Outlook, opening with 5-Minute News 17:45 Report on Religion 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15
Mastering Photography 18:30 Fallen
Arches 19:00 World News 19:09 News
about Britain 19:15 Celluloid Rock
19:45 The World Today 20:00 World
News 20:00 Commentary 20:15 Society News 20:09 Commentary 20:15 Society Today 20:30 News Ideas 20:40 Book

Choice 20:45 Sports Roundup 21:00

Newsdesk 21:30 Prom Concert 22:09 Prom Concert contd 22:39 Stock Mar Report 22:45 Sportsworld 23:00 orld News 23:09 Twenty-Four World News 23:09 - Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 23:30 Legacy of the Sixties 24:00 News Summary followed by Network UK 06:15 Cellubid Rock 00:45 Recording of the Week 01:00 World News 01:09 The World Today 01:30 Financial News 01:40 Reflections 01:45 Sports Roundup 02:00 World News 02:09 Commentation 92:00 World News 02:09 Medical Medical News 02:09 Commentation 92:00 World News 02:09 Medical News 02:09 News 02:09 Medical News 02:09 Ne tary 62:18 Write On... 62:30 Muhitrack 2

VOICE OF **AMERICA**

MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740. 11925 and 15210 Hz

07:00 News 07:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 Newshre 08:30 VOA Morning 09:00 News 09:10 Newsline 09:30 VOA Morning 19:00 News 10:10 Newsline 10:30 VOA Morning 19:00 News 19:10 Newsline 19:30 Music USA 20:00 News 20:10 Focus 20:30 Special English News & Features 21:00 News 21:18 Newsline 21:30 Magazine Show 22:00 News 22:10 Focus 22:30 Special English News & Features 23:00 News 23:10 Newsline America 23:30 Music USA Jazz 24:00 News & Editonal 00:15 Music USA Jazz 01:00 News 01:10 World Repon

CULTURAL CENTRES & LIBRARIES

Royal Cultural Centre Tel	. 6610257
American Centre	644371
American Centre Library	641520
British Council	635147/8
French Cultural Centre	637000
Goethe Institute	441007
Soviet Cultural Centre	414202
Spanish Cultural Centre	(74203
Turkish Cultural Control	0.4049
Turkish Cultural Centre	639777
Haya Arts Centre	665195
Hussein Youth City	667181/6
Y.W.C.A	641793
Y.W.M.A	664251
Amman Municipal Library	637111
Univ. of Jordan Library	843555
Abdul Hamid Shoman	
Foundation	672541
Amman Munices of Ciberry	447111

MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costant and account 100 p.m. and 2:00 p.m.

relations Massellar: Pewerly and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Am-man. Opening bours: 9.00 a.m. 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum; Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a l'Citadel Hill]. Opening hours: 9,00 a.m.: 5,00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10,00 a.m. to 4,00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by ries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntu-zah, Jabal Luweibdch. Opening bours: 19.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m.-6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 630128.

Martyrs' Memorial (Military Museum): Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revoli of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings evthe Ammon Hotel. 7:30 p.m.

Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn.

1:30 p.m. Rotary Chib. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 Royal Automobile Club. Jabai Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261

PRAYER TIMES

S:07	Fajr
6:74	Sunrise Duha
2:25	Dhuhr
S:51	'Asr
8:2 9	Maghreb
9:46	

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Annanciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luwejbdeh, Tel. 637440.

De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic)

De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757. Sunday English mass (summer time 6 p.m., winter time 5 p.m.).
Terrasunts Church (Roman Catholic), Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366
Church of the Annunclation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541.
Anglican Church (Church of the Redecraer) Jabal Anunan, Tel. 678906, chaplain's residence tel. 601359.
Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh, Tel. 771331.
Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafiendor Commission Critodox Church Ashrafiendor Church Church Ashrafiendor Church Chu

Orthodox Church Ashrafich. Tel. 775261. heb. Tel. 7752bl.

St. Ephralm Church (Syrion Orthodox) Ashrafich, Tel. 771751.

Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeiseni, Tel. 20229.

Evangelical Latheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman, Arabic Service: Sunday 7 p.m., Rev. N. Smir, 1el. 811295 Rainbow Congregation | meets at the Good Shepherd's Church | Interdenominational ecumenical En-

The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints (Mormon) Tel. 815817. **OUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

glish Service: Saturday at 6:30 p.m. tel. 822605, Rev. Veli.

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

Agaca (KU)	10:00
	10:30
Dhahran (RJ)	10:35
Kuwait [RJ]	18:40
Dubaj, Abu Dhabi (RJ)	10:45
Bahrain (RJ)	11:60
Los Angeles, Chicago, Vienna (RI)	17:30
(RJ) Istanbul (RJ)	18:10

.... New York, Amsterdam (RJ) .. London, Geneva (RI) Madrid, Rome (RI) Brussels, Frankfurt (RJ)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

:10	Karachi (PK)
.25	Kuwait [KU]
	Damascus (AZ)
	Sanaa, Jeddah (ГҮ)
:20	Cairo (MS)
	Kuwait ILN1
:00	Jeddah, Medina (SV)
:10	Tunis (TU)
:15	Frankfurt, Damascus (LH1
	Paris, Damascus (AF)
	Tripoli, Damascus (PK)

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

... Aqaba (RJ)

11:45	Belgrade (RJ)
12:00	Vienna, New York (RJ)
12:10	Athens (RJ)
12:20	Tunis, Casablanca (RJ)
12:40	Istanbul (RJ)
13:00	London (RJ)
20:15	
20:20	Rıvadh (RJ)
20:40	Kuwait, Dhahran (RJ)
	Bahrais, Doha (RJ)
	Cairo (RJ)
21: IS	Jeddah (RJ)
21:39	Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ)
21:50	Baghdad (RJ)
22:10	Damascus (RJ)
22:15	Bangkok (RJ)
23:15	Calcutta (RJ)
82:30	Calcutta (RJ) Dhahran (RJ)
отн	ER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

Cairo, London (l	(B/
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Rome 1/	IA
Cairo (?	(M
Jeddah, Sanaa (([
Tripoli (i	(L)
Medina, Jeddah ((S)
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WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

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casterly	modera	tc to	light w	inds. In
Aqaha, i moderate	winds	and s	eas cuir	ortherly m.

Min./max. temp.

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 37, Aqaba 41, Humidity readings: Amman 18 per cent. Aqaba 25 per

USEFUL **TELEPHONE NUMBERS**

NIGHT DUTY

AMMAN:

Dr. Walid Al Masn 6754
Dr. Issam Hawamdeh
Dr. Abdul Qader Lala
Dr. Khalid Ma'addi
First pharmacy
Ferdows pharmacy
Al Asema pharmacy 6370
Nauroukh pharmacy
Al Salam pharmacy
Yacoub pharmacy
Shmeisani pharmacy 6376
TAXIS:
Al Josephaxi
Al Qasi (Abu Joudeh) taxi 7438
Wisam taxi
Ra'ad taxi 8986
Rawda taxi 7415
Umayya laxi
Muab taxi 8930
IRBID:
Dr. Ahmad Bishtawi 2739
Al Sharaa' pharmacy 9852
,
ZAROA:
Dr. Zind S. Jue'item (-
Khalifeh pharmacy 9854
PMEDCENCIPE

EMERGENCIES

Civil Defence Di	rectorale 66] mmediate
Rescue	6303
Civil Defence En	ergency
Rescue Police	192, 621111, 6377
Fire Brigade	198, 8912
Blood Bank	
DIOCO DERK	7783

Highway Police S43 Traffic Police	131 321 800 176 467 111 12 17 101 111 111 110 515

HOSPITALS

ANIMAN:
Hussein Medical Contra
Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6
Akileh Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6 Jahal Amman Maternity
Jahai Amman Maternity 642441/2 Malhas, J. Amman
Malhas, J. Amman
Palestine Shmeis and 0.30140
Malhas, J. Amman
Shmeisani Hospital 664171/4 University Hospital 669131 University Hospital 845845 Al-Muashe: Hospital
Al Marian Prospital
Al-Muashe: Hospital
ine Islamic, Abdali
The Islamic, Abdali 667227/9 Al-Ahli, Abdali 666127/37
Italian Al-Muha: 004164/6
Italian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafiah
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 7751 11/26 Army, Marka
Army, Marka 7751 11/26 Oueen Alia Hospital 891611/15
Oueen Alia Hospital 891611/15 Amal Hospital 602240/50
Amal Hospital 602240/50 ZARQA: 674155
ZAROA - 0/4155
Zarqa Govt. Hospital (091983323 Zarqa National Hospital (091983323
Zanya Govi. Hospital (00:002323
Zarda National Hospital (00)000
Zarqa National Hospital (091983323 Ibn Sina Hospital (09)991071
URBID: (U9)986732
Princese Day
Greek Catholic Hospital (02)275555 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)272275
The Cautolic Hospital (03)
Al Naices Hospital
ALIABA. TUZITATIM
Princess Haya Hospital 103)314111
103)314111
CENED

GENERAL

dinistry of Information 641467 dinistry of the Interior 663111 dinistry of Tourism 642311 dinistry of Tourism 642311 dinistry of Tourism 642311 diriving Licences Dept 892263 deteorological Dept 822408 deteorological Dept 822408 deteorological Dept 630321 deteorological Corporation 630321 deteorological Corporation 630321	

Rifai. Sharif Zaid receive Greek commander

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Zaid Rifai Tuesday reviewed with the Chief of the Staff of the Greek Air Force, Lt.-Gen. Nikolaos Stapas existing cooperation between both countries.

first land

The meeting was attended by the Royal Jordnaian Air Force Commander Thean Shurdum and the Greek Ambassador to Jordan Hamibal Velliadis.

Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief Field Marshal Sharif Zaid Ion Shaker also received Lt.-Gen. Stepas, in the presence of the Armed Forces Chief of Staff Gen. Fathi Abu Taleb and Mr.

Lt.-Gen. Stapas and a two-man Greek Armed Forces delegation arrived in Amman Sunday on a six-day official visit to Jordan for talks with Jordanian officials and visits to military sites.

Also Tuesday, Sharif Zaid re-

viewed with the visiting French Armed Forces Chief of Staff Gen. Gilbert Forray the general simation in the region and the scope of bilateral cooperation.

UNRWA team studies employees' conditions

AMMAN (J.T.) — A team from the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) head-quarters in Vienna arrived in Amman Monday and immediately embarked on a general assessment of the agency's employees and their work and pay condi-

The team was said to be revicwing the salary scale of the employees and comparing it with those employed by the Jordanian government working in similar

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The move followed a meeting here on Sept. 19 of representatives of 18,000 UNRWA emplovees in Arah countries hosting Palestinian refugees who issued recommendations and resolutions

which they sent to Vienna. The delegates who came from Lebanon, Syria, Palestine, as well as Jordan discussed for three days such questions as cost of living allowance for the employees, end of service compensation, a health scheme and other outstanding

questions. The Vienna team, which will stay here until Oct. 5 to meet employees and gather information on their pay and work conditions, will direct attention to

these issues. But according to UNRWA sources, the team members will also probe a 1982 survey conducted by the agency into the

salaries and general work conditions of UNRWA workers. They will also look into UN-RWA's 1982 decision to freeze allowances and annual increments of teachers which was taken on the ground of recurrent deficit in UNRWA's annual

budgets. To hack their demands, UN-RWA employee representatives last May held a sit-in at the agency's headquarters in

Regional conference aims to upgrade status of women

By Sana Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — A series of measures and decisions were adopted by the thirteen Arab countries, at the end of a three-day regional conference on safe motherhood, aimed at upgrading the status of women in the region by providing proper bealth services and education to mothers.

Because there are 100 to 1,100 preventable maternal deaths out of every 100,000 live births in different parts of the Arab World, concerned members of the conference, which ended here Monday, decided to work towards halving the maternal mortality rate by the year 2000.

By doing so, the conference adopted the slogan 'commitment to accomplish" and decided to fulfil the endorsed recommendations, which called for a political will to adopt all possible measures to ensure health for women.

The recommendations called for educating the public on the risks facing mothers by building a bridge of information to citizens through simplified information based on comprehensive studies on trends in society. This recommendation stipulates that all forms of methods should be used in the information service, including mosques, churches and schools.

The conference also decided to plan, execute and follow-up regional studies to assess the correct maternal mortality rate, and the problems accompanying pregnant women before, during and after delivery. This would be achieved through ensuring sufficient training specialised in scientific research methods.

The recommendations also called for continued assessment of existing mother and child health services including family planning in rural areas. This would include surveying opinions of the target population and expanding the number of beneficiaries from these services.

The conference called for the establishment of a

national committee for secure motherhood in every Arab country in which all concerned parties would be represented. This committee would be assigned the duty of preparing and outlining necessary strategies to achieve this goal. The committee would also prepare a national constitution which ensures the well-being of women.

Upgrading the status of women, according to the recommendations, would include: - Sufficient education:

Participation in decision-making, especially in planning and implementing the policies of healthy deliveries and family planning; - Fulfil their desire to be pregnant and space

their pregnancies, with providing necessary ser-- Eradicate backward traditional methods such as female circumstances.

The conference called for the establishment of a regional Arab fund for safe motherhood which will carry the responsibility of encouraging and coordinating information and expertise between the different countries, as well as funding research and regional and national programmes.

The recommendations furthermore stipulated the strengthening and developing of primary health care and social services including pre-natal, delivery and post-natal care. This would include providing a minimum of one trained and licensed mid-wife to every village.

The conference demanded an end to the inbumane situation of Palestinian women living under Israeli occupation where psychological and physical suffering and oppressive measures place Palestinian mothers under continuous danger.

The conference, which discussed the situation in Sudan in length, recommended providing the necessary relief, primary bealth services and mother and child care for the flood victims.

Finally the conference charged a specialised committee with the supervision to execute these recommendations.

Universities unable to accept all students with 80% average

AMMAN (J.T.) — Contrary to 800 students can apply for courses what had been expected, Jorda- in the universities' private stunian universities will not be able dies' programme provided their to accept all students with 80 per grades were 80 per cent or above. cent average grades and above in the current 1988-1989 academic year, according to an announcement hy Minister of Higher Education Nassereddin Al

Assad told a press conference in Amman following a meeting hy the Higher Council of Education (HCE) which took the decision, that a total of 567 additional students with 80 per cent average grades would be able to enrol for Those to be accepted in the

light of the new decision constitute a 25 per cent increase over the total number of students accepted by the four Jordanian universities in the previous academic year, according to the

Therefore, the total number of students to be accepted in these universities will he 7,341; and the HCE has decided that of the additional students, 328 will be regular classes at the four univer- accepted at the University of Jorsities this year but the remaining dan, 150 at Yarmouk University,

72 at Mu'ta and 17 at Jordan University of Science and Technology, Assad pointed out.

According to the minister, 236 students will be offered scholarships to study in Iraqi universities this year, far less than previous years because, he said, Iraq decided to absorb all students who passed their general secondary education examinations in Iraqi schools regardless of their

The minister also announced that the HCE has decided to create a special office to deal with the question of students' acceptance at universities and commun-

He said that acquired immune

deficiency syndrome (AIDS) will

be among the subjects to be

Nearly 2,000 doctors will

attend the two conference, some

of them foreigners who worked in

Lehanori's refugee camps and the

discussed in depth.

Medical conference opens today

During the three-day confer-

ence, which will be opened at Al

Hussein Youth City, a medical

exhibition will be organised by a

number of major pharmaceutical

companies in Jordan and ahroad.

Union of Dermatologists will

hold a conference here to focus

At the same time, the Arah

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The Sixth Jordanian Medical Conference, which opens here Wednesday, under royal patronage, will review 62 woking papers by Jordanian researchers out of a total of 100; and will hear lectures from 35 prominent medical researchers from Arab and foreign nations, according to a spokes-man for the Jordan Medical Association (JMA), which is

organising the conference.

He said that a wide range of subjects from blood diseases to early diagnosis of cancer will be reviewed in these papers.

There will be seminars on Arahising medical teaching over a 10-year time scale, dealing with unemployment among Arah doctors and the health situation in the occupied Arah lands, the spokesman noted.

occupied Arah territories, attention on a range of skin disaccording to the spokesman. eases, especially those which re-He said that these will focus sult from the use of chemicals industries and at homes, accordattention on the consequences of ing to Dr. Mamdouh Al Qutch. Israel's use of poisonous gas the union's secretary general. against the Arab population.

New schools ready to house 81,400 students

ery of 77 completed new school huildings which can seat 81,400 students, and which can help the ministry to dispose of the twoshift school sessions in a number of regions.

The announcement was made hy Minister of Education Thougan Hindawi, who said the new huildings are complete with laboratories, libraries and work-

AMMAN (Perra) — The Minis-try of Education has taken deliv-which would be operational in the second half of this year.

Twenty one of these schools, he said, are being huilt in Amman Goveroorate, 12 in Zarqa, 20 in Irbid, 10 in Balqa, three in Mafraq, eight in Karak, six in Ma'an and two in Tafileh.

In addition the ministry will award tenders for 52 other schools in the coming stage, and all the school projects would he Last May, Mr. Hindawi completed by 1994, Hindawi announced the ministry was added.

Seminar on Red Sea

AQABA (Petra, J.T.) — A twoday seminar on the development of the Red Sea and the Gulf of Aden will open here Wednesday under the chairmanship of Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of

The two-day meeting will discuss an integrated plan involving Red Sea littoral states in joint projects designed to protect the environment of the two zones. according to Aqaha Region Authority (ARA) Secretary General Dureid Mahasneh.

Mahasneh said the participants from six Arah countries in addition to Jordan will discuss means to control the exploitation of marine resources and development of marine research programmes in the littoral countries to reduce pollution of the environment in the two zones.

Projects are underway to curtail pollution in the Aqaha region from Jordan and ahroad.

and along the shores of the Red Sea, according to Mahasneh. Countries taking part in the seminar are: Somalia, Saudi Arahia, Sudan, Palestine, North and South Yemen as well as Jordan. Mahasnch said that Jordan will be invited to attend the seminar which is the third in a series of meetings by the Red Sea littoral

meeting was held here Tuesday under the chairmanship of Minister of Tourism Zuhair Ajlouni Io discuss improvements in tourist facilities in the port city.

Ajlouni told a meeting attended by ARA President Bassam Qaqish and other officials that his ministry was interested in establishing tourist villages along

Crown Prince: Unemployment is behavioural rather than genuine

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Wednesday called for the involvement of Jordanian women in building the society and urged unemployed university graduates to take advantage of programmes qualifying them to earn a decent living.

Addressing the opening session of a seminar by development councils in Amman, Balqa and Zarqa governorates Prince Hassan said it was "time for us to employ our young men and women in productive processes, and to place the common good before self-interest so as to meet the future with more confi-"Women form one half of our

society — a fact which can not be ignored in our attempt to utilise our workforce and increase the gross national product," Prince Hassan stressed, He said women at present con-

stitute only 15 per cent of the total workforce in Jordan at a time when the Kingdom continues to employ 150,000 non-Jordanian workers.

Referring to unemployment in Jordan, Prince Hassan said that

quarter of the migrant workers in the country." Unemployment in Jordan can best be described as behavioural rather than genuine.

"Our unemployed young male and female graduates ought to take up useful training to prepare themselves for new careers which will earn them a decent living," Prince Hassan noted.

"Everything should be done to move from the stage of planning into the stage of practice and transform ourselves from a consumer into a producer society, Prince Hassan added. He told the meeting, which was attended by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai and a number of cahinet ministers, that it was time to introduce a change in the society's behaviour and the best way is for each individual to start with himself.

Referring to development "the numbers of unemployed schemes in the three governo-Jordanians do not equal even one rates, Prince Hassan said that in

contrasting the original plans and with constructive recommendathe actual work carried out, one tions to promote development." can not but blame all those involved in the planning and execu- Hamdi Tahhaa described the loction processes for not giving sufficient attention to decentralisa-

Prince Hassan referred to the contents of a number of reports submitted by the development councils, which outline such subjects as a decline in consumption. a drop in imports and belt-tightening programmes, as well as electricity, water and road networks and services.

He expressed hope that discussion during the meetings will dwell on further stimulating the involvement of Jordanians in the implementation of health, agricultural, industrial and tourist

Prince Hassan expressed his willingness to meet with local councils every three months to discuss means of promoting work on economic and social development projects.

This seminar, he said. "is bound to help create a dialogue five-year development plan. between those in charge of industrial, agricultural, commercial and to help the participants come up ism and the environment.

Minister of Industry and Trade al development councils as "a further impetus in economic and social development projects."

Ministry of Planning Secretary General Ziyad Fariz outlined the main objectives of this meeting which is designed to promote popular participation in development and re-examine current plans in the light of economic and social circumstances."

Fariz said that the Jordanian economy, like those of neighhouring countries, had been facing pressures with negative consequences on the labour market. a decline in Jordanian exports and a drop in the amounts of Jordanian expatriate transfers. This has had its impact on the amounts of Jordan's foreign currency reserves." Fariz noted.

But he said despite these obstacles, Jordan has been able to achieve positive growth rates close to these envisaged in the

Participants in the meeting will discuss working papers dealing other sectors, and is also hound with agriculture, industry, tour-

Saudi prince tours border regions

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan's security is joined to that of Saudi Arabia, and cooperation between the two countries follows recommendations by the Arah interior ministers' council, Public Security Department (PSD) Director General Abdul Hadi Al Majali said Tuesday.

Speaking after a tour of PSD's divisions hy visiting governor of the Saudi Arahian province of Tabouk, Prince Fahd Ibn Sultan Ibn Abdul Aziz, Majali said Jordan was keen on implementing security agreements signed by the two countries, and a pan-Arah security strategy as endorsed by the Arah interior ministers council in Tunis.

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nian-Saudi Arabian committee eration in security affairs. which was formed some time ago, he said that its members periodically discuss countering drug trafficking in the desert region extending along the common border, comhating crime, extradition of criminals and the process of travel and transit across the Saudi-Jordanian border.

Majali said that the recent Arah police chiefs' meeting in Tunis recommended a unification of Arah countries' methods in comhating crime and the formation of national committees to help implement the proposed pan-Arab security strategy. Majali said Prince Fahd's visit

to Jordan and his talks at the PSD were part of the two countries Referring to the joint Jorda- efforts to enhance hilateral coop-

Prince Fahd Ibn Sultan Ihn Abdul Aziz had visited the PSD and met with Majali and other senior officers.

The prince was briefed on the department's duties and the comprehensive security programmes being executed around the Later Prince Fahd was accom-

panied on a visit to the PSD's anti-narcotics division where he examined techniques employed to foil drug trafficking opera-

His other stop was at the hadia and horder police headquarters where he was informed of measures to ensure security along the

Hamzeh receives Arab ministers

AMMAN (J.T.) — Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh Tuesday discussed scopes of cooperation w. r. South Yemen and Sudan, during two separate meetings with the health ministers of both countries. Said Sharaf and Ohaj Mohammad Mousa.

Sharaf discussed possibilities of S. Yemen's utilisation of Jordan's health experience in the fields of primary health care, organisatic and delivery of health services health planning, statistics and leg-

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WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

* Art exhibition: "Contemporary Arab Artists," at Al Wasiti Gallery, Plaza Hotel.

Art exhibition by Omar Al Basoul, at the Housing Bank Complex. "The Individual, Sport and Olympic Games" Book Exhibit, at the American Centre.

Book exhibition, at the Professional Association Complex. Book exhibition, at Al Walaja Cooperative Society, Jabal Nuzha. Folkloric exhibition, at the Al Manarah Social Development

Society, Al Manarah. Photo exhibition entitled "Tourist Tours" to mark the World Tourism Day, at the Soviet Cultural Centre.

* An exhibition of paintings by Mohammad Shamseddine, at the Petra Bank Gallery.

Islamic book exhibition and charity bazaar, at the Islamic Cultural Centre, University of Jordan. An exhibition of antiquities of Tell Ahu Hamid agricultural settlement in the Jordan Valley, at the Department of Antiquities Registration Centre - 6:00 p.m.

* Polish film, "Aria for Athlet" (Sport), subtitled in English, at the Royal Cultural Centre - 8:00 p.m.

LECTURE

* Mohammad Ahmad Ramadan gives a lecture on the United Nations and Middle East question, at the Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation — 6:00 p.m.

development begins today

Education Thougan Hindawi.

In another development, a

the shores of Agaba to absorb additional number of tourists

Jordan Times

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Of gun power and people power

IS it significant that Palestinian diplomacy is being met with Israeli militarism? Look at the facts. In the past ten days, the Israelis have bombed Palestinian and Lebanese positions in southern Lebanon, increased their use of live ammunition and plastic bullets in the occupied territories, and intensified their application of such measures as curfews, collective punishments and detentions — amidst reports that South African police officials are advising Israel on how to deal with the mass uprising of the Palestinians. The situation has deteriorated to the point where United Nations officials felt it appropriate to protest to Israel about the nearly indiscriminate use of gunfire by the Israeli army against Palesti-

nians, particularly young children.

If there is a pattern to Israeli madness, it would seem to confirm the fruitlessness of Israel's reliance on military force to quell a nationalistic uprising. The last several decades have clearly indicated that the collective political will of a people, and their national and human rights, cannot forever be denied by the application of brute force. The Israelis do not seem to have learned that lesson, believing as they do that they can lay claim to a higher morality than the rest of the world's peoples.

This is, of course, ludicrous and clearly untenable; it will only guarantee that at some point in the near future the Palestinians, and perhaps other Arab states, may see the lack of results from present Palestinian activism as a sign that more violent methods should be used. This would exacerbate the "security" threat which the Israelis claim to be putting down with their present policies, and the ultimate consequence would be an escalating cycle of violence which brutalises people on both sides of the conflict. One would have thought that if Israel really sought peace and security, it would recognise that it cannot achieve these goals through recourse to militarism.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

TWO of the three Arabic daily newspapers Monday commented on His Majesty King Hussein's activities during his latest tour ahroad, referring to his cootacts with world leaders and his statements to the information media. Al Ra'i daily said that the King's talks with British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher covered the Middle East question and the situation in the Gulf; and in his meeting with the Egyptian presideot, the mooarch discussed Arab affairs and the streogthening of solidarity among Arab states. The King's statements to the world information media reaffirmed the Kingdom's stand with regard to the Middle East and Jordan's determination to strive for a comprehensive peace, said the paper. It said: "The King bas oever ceased his efforts in pursuing the achievement of peace and never shirked any responsibility in the service of his Arah Nation." The paper added: "The present East-West deteote and the favourable international political climate require coordination with Arah states, and cootacts with various world powers for the achievemeot of stability and peace."

For its part Al Dustour Arabic daily referred to the King's statement on the eve of his departure from London to return to Amman in which he stressed the need for the Palestinians "to crystallise a unified formula so that sufficient world-wide backing for the Palestinian cause can be found." The paper said: "It should be noted that the King made the statement following his talks with the British prime minister and the Egyptian presideot with whom be discussed the situation in the Middle East and means of establishing peace. King Hussein bas maintained serious and constant efforts to serve his Arah Nation in general and the Palestinian cause in particular; and his efforts bave beeo instrumental in creating a favourable political climate to solve the

Al Shaab daily commented oo a government decision of writing off oearly JD 13 millioo in water hills and part of the cost of appropriated land by municipal councils. "This is a constructive and encouraging step that is bound to enable these councils to assume a greater role in the process of development," the paper noted. Indeed, this decision is bound to create a new situation, curbing emigration of people from rural to urban regions, and will help municipal councils direct their attention to infrastructure and services projects," the paper said. It said in return, councils ought to double their efforts to rely more and more on their own resources and revenues.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES Beware of Israeli plot

WRITING in Al Ra'i Arabic daily, columnist Tareq Masarweh warns the Arabs to beware of Israel's new political manoeuvres, spearheaded by Foreign Minister Shimon Peres. The writer refers to the Israeli leader's statement in which he expressed Israel's readiness to talk to the PLO rather than to a Palestinian government. "This is a political ploy being concocted in Washingtoo to persuade the Palestinians, who are about to conveoe their oational council, not to declare a government in exile or a provisional government, and not to demand a state in implemeotation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 18I of 1948," says Masarweh. This offer, he adds, "is oo more than a trap for the Palestinians to keep them in disarray... io the form of different groups rather than a unified government. It is a trap intended to create a situation whereby the PLO will seek to join an Arah country in the quest for an international conference that could discuss the Palestine problem for 20 more years with no fruitful result...," the writer poiots out. He points to Washington's total bias towards Israel and its policies io the Middle East, and says that Washington has failed to coovince Israel of withdrawing from southern Lebanoo and adds: "If the idea of withdrawing from southern Lehanon terrifies Israel, how would one expect Israel to withdraw from the Palestinian land which it now calls Israel's land." He warns that "the Zionist old game remains the same... and Peres's offer is no more than a trap to keep the Arabs bogged down in a quagmire of divisions and to improve Israel's image before the world...'

Does NAM need restructuring?

founder members) would care to

remain within the movement.

When two-thirds of the members

of the United Nations are mem-

bers of the World Organisatioo,

where is the need for additional

spokesmen of the NAM? Many

of them have represented them-

selves as spokesmen of non-

aligned states in the U.N. Secur-

ity Council oo issues of deep

concern to the NAM, such as the

Palestine and Namibian prob-

lems. And without denigrating

the world organisation, one can say that the NAM (and its mem-

bers through the "Group of 77", and other NAM institutions, like

Non-aligned News Pool), are in-

fluential enough in international

affairs, although it is oot easy to

As for wanting to change the

present consensual processes of

decision-making of the conferences of the NAM, in preference

to voting, one need only point out

that there are already too many

divisive issues in the movement to

bear the burdeo of ooe more by

the replacement of consensus by

voting. More than anything else,

it is the consensual decision-mak-

ing (with the permissible "re-

servations") that has beld (at

least, in appearance) the 101

members of the movement. The

members of the NAM together,

despite too many other divisive

issues in a highly pluralistic mem-bership of the movement. The

would, instantly, divide members

into majorities and minorities.

And not only in terms of agree-

ment/disagreemeot on specific

issues, but also in terms of ideolo-

gical and other (e.g. historical)

antagonisms. When such, inter-

mittent, decisions take place, the

fact of being together under the

commoo veneer of non-alignment

would gradually wear thinner and

thinner. What is more, the useful-

ness of the idea of consensual

decisioo-making is presently a major achievement of the NAM

and the contribution to the fuoc-

tioning of U.N. organs. It would

be a thousand pities, if the NAM

were to replace the present coo-

censual procedure hy voting.
In making suggestions such as these of Chairman Mugabe, it

would appear that spokesman of

the non-aligned are often (and

unconsciously) impelled by the

desire to copy the structure of

the NATO/Warsaw Pact Orga-

nisations or of international/re-

gional organisations. This is a

pity. Firstly, the NAM is not, and

is not meant to be, similar to

them. It is a movemeor, not an

organisatioo - somewbat like

the Commoowealth of Nations

(minus the Commonwealth Sec-

retariat). More importantly, it is an illusion to think (at least in

recent years) that the bloc orga-

nisations, bloc politics or interna-

tional organisations are either

more united than they actually

are, or more efficient than the

NAM, or that if they are, that is

due their formal/legal structure.

This is to take a formalistic and

mechanistic view of international affairs, which is divorced from

the reality. The impact of a move-

ment or an organisation does oot

necessarily or wbolly depend on

bureaucratic structures or their

procedures, but on the contem-

porary relevance and validity of

the issues) causes backed by

them. In other words, it is the

moral influence of a cause that

counts — at least, that is so,

measure such influence.

The following article is reprinted from the Yugoslav Review of change. And oot all its members International Affairs. The writer (certainly, some of the leading is professor of politics at Jawaharlal Nehru University.

By M.S. Rajan

ONE OF the ootable features of the Eighth non-aligned summit conference held in Zimbabwe in September 1986 was that a new generation of young leaders took over from the older stalwarts, many of whom founded or ran it for nearly a quarter century. It was symbolised by the fact that it was beld in a new, young, state, with a youngman at its bead, theo Prime Minister (now President) Robert Mugabe, and one who had also fought for Zimbabwe's independence, partly through the assistance and encouragement of the Non-aligned Movement (NAM). While this was a welcome development in the running of the NAM, there is a danger of youthful exuberance being the better of experience and wisdom that one achieves through experience and knowledge.

Thus, during the summit con-ference itself, the new chairman of the NAM, Mugahe, bad made an observation which can only be attributed to ignorance of the past or inexperience: that the NAM might need "some permaneot machinery and a legal framework" - and also a change over from the present consensusway of taking decisions to voting.

The new Chairman was not apparently aware that the idea of a permanent secretariat for the NAM had been raised more than once in the past and rejected by the summit conferences of the NAM. And there has oever been any suggestion that the NAM oeeds some kind of a charter or a constitution in order to make it more efficient or consequential.

By the time of the eighth summit conference, nothing had happened (except, of course, changeover to a youthful leadership) which called for the revival of an old discredited idea, or the oeed for a constitution or a charter. The idea of giving up consensual decision-making io favour of some kind of voting has again been talked about in the NAM conferences from time to time, but there has oever been a formal

move to do so.. These ideas were ignored at the eighth summit deliberations (perhaps as mere obiter dicta). but President Robert Mugabe, as Chairman of the NAM seems to have just revived them in slightly another form. Addressing (on June 6th at New York) a delegatioo of journalists from oonaligned countries, covering the U.N. General Assembly's Special Sessioo on Disarmameot, Robert Mugabe is reported to have said: "There is oeed for the restructuring of the NAM, so that it can be giveo the teeth it must have, or at least people ... to exert political influence ...". His two years experience as chairman of the NÂM, it seems, made him feel the pressing oeed for "an administrative structure to deal with day-to-day business of the organisatioo." He said that people (Who?) believed that NAM could "do wooders" (if be had a secretariat to help?) He added, "There is that confidence they have (sic!) in NAM, but NAM structurally is not huilt for action of the nature tbat the United Nations cao take." Chairman Mugabe did not throw up any more specific snggestions, except to say that it would give a big boost to the movement if it can be repre-sented in the U.N. Security Council, "even as an observer."

It does seem that once again it is better to ignore these (what appear to be) obiter dicta of the chairman of the NAM, because they are not rooted either in long enough experience of the functioning of the NAM or any requirement of the changed times. They might merely be the handicaps of his own young. small, governmental structure. So far as the past is concerned, there has already been too much of institutionalisation the policy of non-alignment. Any additional "re-structuring" of the Movemeot (possibly meaning the creatioo of institutional additions) would be counter productive in the sense that they give the illusion of making NAM more efficient and purposeful, while in fact creating a new hureaucracy, calling for more meetings and more paper work. That is oo way to promote either the policy of non-alignment or the causes of the non-aligned.

As for the need for "teeth" for the NAM, Chairman Mugabe ought to know the fate of the United Nations, which has some "teeth", and the manner of its functioning since the 1960s when it came to have a ooo-aligned majority -- now a two-thirds majority. By deficitioo, the NAM cannot have any "teeth" (like the U.N. or cold war hlocs, if that is what is meant). Should that happeo, the whole character

of the movement — not only its

By Gideon Spiro

IT IS very difficult to coovey to non-Israelis the importance of the Israeli army and its unique role in Israeli society. It seems to me there is no other country in the Western world where so many exgenerals and other high-rankng officers directly participate in political life. Take, for example, the present national unity government in which four generals serve as cabinet ministers. In addition, there are a number of generals in the Knesset, distributed across the political spectrum from the far left to the fascist right. Some might argue that this situation is desirable because it can preveot a military coup modelled on Third World countries. Others might argue that such a coup is unnecessary; the presence of so many military personnel in Israeli politcal life has already performed a less visible coup by the militarisation of civilian life. In fact, the abundant involvement of military personnel includes large segments of the Israeli economy as well. Military and military-related products amount to over 50 per cent of Israel's industrial exports. Suspending, for the moment, judgement oo this unique pbecomenon, it should be clear that the Israeli army plays a central role in Israeli politics. Similarly, the army pervades the

Israelis (male aod female) begin their army involvement with compulsory service at the age of 18 (three years for men and two for womeo) and men eod it at the age of 55 wheo reserve service is completed. Therefore, most Israeli men spend a total of 37 years of their life directly involved with the army. If you add the paramilitary training that takes place during the last three years of high school, theo the total is 40 years. Io other words, since life expectancy is 73 for men and 77 for women, more than half of Israeli life is spent engaged, in one way or another, with the

personal life of every Israeli as

This life-long involvement, with the army becomes, in turn, a central theme io Israeli cultural expression. Ever since the days of the pre-state Jewish commonity, military symbols and ideals have resonated io Israeli music, theatre, and literature. It is no fluke that the 40th anniversary of the state's founding celebrated the military complex by rewarding those who most eloquently perpetuate military ideals. This occurred while these ideals are being challenged by a growing oumber of Israeli authors and intellectuals of the younger geoeration. The challeoge is also being mounted by Israeli reserve soldiers who have called into question Israel's policies with regard to the Palestinians in the

occupied territories. That Israeli law does oot recognise conscientious objectors is oot only due to the fact that politicians reject the idea, but also because the public does not demand it. There is a wide consensus among Israelis of the vital oecessity and near saoctity of the

The invasion of Lebaoon destroyed, io part, this sanctity in the eyes of some Israelis. For the first time, people saw the army used not for defensive purposes but for brutal and unahashed aggression. Amoog a wide array of responses, the view that the army's role had changed brought the establishment of Yesh Gvul (There is a limit). This movement is comprised of Israeli reserve soldiers who were summoned to serve in the war, but questioned the right of the government to insofar as the NAM is concerned. | call them to a war they consi-



There is a limit

dered illegal from its inception. It was the first time in Israel's history that Israeli reserve soldiers said to the government: We are not going to a war which violates all democratic and humanistic norms; which violates all international charters to which Israel is a signatory, especially the Universal Declaration of Human Rights; which contradicts the essence and spirit of the Israeli declaration of independence; and which involves the criminal bombing of

civilian populations. For the first time since the establishment of the state, Yesh Gvul forcd the Israeli public to confront the issue and limits of obedience to the authority of the government's military institutions. Specifically, members of Yesh Gvul asserted their rights as soldiers in a democracy to say no to their government when its policy clearviolates basic oorms and values of democratic societies and entirely contradicts their buman cooscieoces. Never, in the history of the state, had the issue of obedience to governmental au-thority been debated so thoroughly as it was during the Leba-

It must be understood that. Yesh Gvul is not a pacifist movement. Its members do not question, in principle, the necessity of an army for Israel's defense. Rather, a member of Yesh Gvul sees himself committed to his oath to defend the country. Having taken his oath, however, a soldier does not transfer to the government the right to misuse the powers granted by its citizens. Wheo Israel invaded Lebanoo it "abused the valuable institution of defence. Yesh Gvul members argued that we cannot hide behind the curtain of "We acted uoder orders". At no time does an order relieve one of persooal responsibility for ooc's acts as a soldier. Yesh Gvul argued that the war in Lehanoo raised the hlack flag of illegality, a phrase coined by an Israeli military court in the mid-1950s. The court recognised that soldiers have the right to refuse ao illegal order, which was defined, then, as an order whose illegality is so flagrant that it raises "the black flag

of illegality." During the Lehanon war, over 2,000 Israeli reserve soldiers signed the Yesh Gvul petition requesting oot to serve in the war. One hundred and fifty of them were court-martialled. The movement played a very important part in the decision to withdraw Israel's forces.

After the withdrawal of most of the army, Yesh Gvul receded somewbat from the public eye. There were debates within the movement whether to apply a refusal policy to the West Bank

cussion, members decided that their role as soldiers does not include taking part in cootrolling one and a half million people and participating in the oppressive measures which bave transformed the West Bank and Gaza Strip ioto areas governed by military dictatorship. It is impor-tant to emphasise that the decision not to cooperate with the occupation is an individual decision. Each member of Yesh Gvul determines on his own what actions will define his refusal. For example, some might decide oot to cross the 1967 borders (the Green Line) into the occupied territoires; others might decide to serve in non-populated areas in the territories but will refuse to participate in any policing duties against the Palestinian civilian population; some might decide oot to receive a riot stick, illustrating their refusal to participate in the breaking-bones policy against Palestinians; and others might decide to serve in the occupied territories but refuse to carry any type of weapon. All of these forms of refusal are accepted and espected by Yesh Gvul.

and Gaza Strip. After much dis-

The Palestinian uprising dealt the final blow to Israelis who believed io an "enlighteoed" occupation. Yesh Gvul's thesis was confirmed; the role of the soldier as an oppressive tool could oot be demed. Acts of brutality were seeo daily oo televisioo and in the press. The Israeli policy of breaking the booes of Palestinian youths and shooting unarmed civiliaos, among them women and childreo, revived the question of the black flag of illegality. And again, Yesh Gyul became relevant.

The movement published new petition which proposed a refusal to participate in the oppressive measures against civilians. In this ooe, we decalred that we will oot serve. Entitled. "There is a Limit to Oppressioo," it reads:

The Palestinian people are waging an uprising against the Israeli occupation in the territories. Over twenty years of occupation and oppression has not prevented the Palestinian struggle for national liberation. The uprising in the territories and the hrutal oppression by the Israeli army establish clearly the terrible price of a continued occupation and absence of a political solution. We, reserve soldiers in the Israeli Defence Forces, announce that we cannot share any more the burden of cooperating with and the responsi-bility for this moral and political deterioration. We hereby declare our refusal to participate in the suppression of the uprising in the

occupied territories. At present, 600 people have

signed this petition. Thirty-seven members of Yeh Gvul have been jailed and close to 100 were released from service upon declaring their refusal to serve in the occupied territories.

Recently, Yesh Gvul has published two booklets which have been distributed to soldiers. One explains why we refuse and provides guidelines for distinguishing an illegal order. For instance, orders to hreak bones as a punishment or to shoot and kill innocent people is defined as illegal. In this light, the book quotes the Fourth Geneva Conventioo that applies to residents of military occupied territories.
The booklet quotes Israeli High Command Order #33.0133 of June 7, 1982 which states that all Geneva conventions are to be considered as part of the military high command's code of conduct. Therefore, not only does the Israeli army violate the Geneva Convention, but it is also contraveoes its own rules of cooduct, This makes the position of Yesh Gvul not only justifiable from an ideological point of view, hut also legally correct on the army's own

The second booklet is a guide that prepares the potential refusenik for the legal procedures he will endure, the conditions in the military prison, and his rights as a prisoner. Recently, Attorney-General Yosef Harish has used this booklet as a pretext to instruct the bead of the National Police Investigation Department to initiate an inquiry into Yesh Gvul's activities. Harish argues that the booklet incites soldiers to refuse to serve. This is sheer nonsense. All of the informatioo cootained has been previously published in the Israeli press. Yesb Gvui simply organised it to be presented in a more compact

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The attorney-general's request is a clear instance of the law's exploitation for political ends. In this case, his and the government's objective are to intimidate Yesh Gyul members and deter those considering joining the movement. As it aims to expunge the democratic right to organise free political associatioo, Harish's official request exemplifies totalitarian norms of government. The myth of democracy in Israel decays as respect for the law becomes secondary to mobilising the state's legal apparatus against those who publicly dissect from government policy. As the killings and tortures continue daily. the government's action demonstrate concern that Yesh Gvul's message may attract more soldiers and that the movement may participate in an ugly occupation. Insofar as Yesh Gvul is oow being characterised as a geouine threat to Israel's contioued occupation, its political platform is validated.

Harish's actions have been followed by another attack oo Yesh Gvul's legitimacy. Io an astounding decision, the board of directors of the state-operated Israeli television (Israel's only oetwork) decided to prohibit reports of Yesh Gvul demonstrations. This decisioo was criticised widely by democrats in Israel, among them critics of Yesh Gvul, who see it as an ominous attack on the freedom of expression.

Despite its success in capturing the public eye, Yesb Gvul has not yet been able to mobilise a mass movement against military service in the occupied territories.

Gideon is one of the founding members of the Yesh Gvul. The article is reprinted from the London based Middle East Interna-

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WASHINGTON (R) - The United States has begun to cut down on the duties of the naval task force it sent to protect neutral oil traffic in the Gulf more than a year ago. With the Iran-Iraq ceasefire holding five weeks after it was imposed, the White House says U.S. warships have been ordered to no longer formally accompany American-flagged tankers on their transit through the strategic waterway. Already the U.S. contingent in the Gulf and oorthern Arabian Sea has been reduced to 25 from 28. White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said Monday there would be no immediate reduction in that number, but it was clear the Pentagon was working to reduce the role of the navy there as long as peace holds. Fitzwater said the policy change was "the first step in the change of our presence (in the Gulf). We will continue to review our presence in the Gulf and will make changes as the threat diminishes."

S. Arabia urges Lebanese to pick president

RIYADH (R) — Saudi Arahia urged rival Lehanese factions Monday to bury their differences and elect a new presideot or everyone in Lebanoo would lose. "We urge all Lehanese brothers with all their factions and sects io these most critical circumstances to work hard for coovening a parliament session and decide oo a president before everybody loses," a cahinct statement said. The statement, carried by the official Saudi Press Agency, said the current situation in Lebanon was unfortunate but it repeated that Rivadh would not interfere. Lebanon's parliament has twice failed to elect a successor for president Amin Gemayel whose term ended last Friday.

Rebels say Ethiopla ready for talks

KUWAIT (R) — Ethiopia has agreed to hold its first formal talks with Eritrea rebels to try to eod 27 years of civil war, an official of the Eritrean Liberanoo Froot (unified organisation) said Tuesday. Mohammed Omar, ELF deputy representative in Kuwait, told Reuters that following Sudanese mediation, his group, which has no guerrillas in the field, and the Ethiopian government had agreed to hold face-to-face talks. No date has been set. The main guerrilla force, the Eritrean People's Liberation Front (EPLF). said it hoped to join the talks if and when they took place. Ethiopia has held secret talks before with Eritrean factions fighting for independence for their Red Sea coastal province but these have failed to eod Africa's longest civil war. The Sovietbacked Ethiopian army has been on the defensive since last March when the EPLF, scored a series of military successes.

Saudi Arabia gives PLO \$28.5 million

RIYADH (R) - Saudi Arabia has given the Palestine Liberatioo Organisation (PLO) \$28.5 million, a Palestinian official said Monday. Saudi Arahia and six other Arab oil-producing states agreed in 1978 to pay \$30 hillion over 10 years to the PLO and fontline states Syria and Jordan bordering Israel, PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat visited the kingdom Sunday for talks with King Fahd then flew to North Yemeo and is now in Bahrain as part of a our of Arab states.

Congress panel drops ban on Kuwaiti missiles

WASHINGTON (R) — After intense lobhying by the Reagan administration, a joint coogressional committee Monday dropped a ban on the sale of Maverick air-to-surface missiles to Kuwait. The Senate approved the ban by a vote of 75-to-15 last July as an amendment to a foreign operations money bill proposed by Democratic Senator Dennis Deconcini of Arizona. The adminisfation said the action jeopardised a \$1.9 billion military sale to the Gulf state that also included 40 F-18 warplanes and other missiles. The House of Representatives' version of the bill did oot cootain the ban and a conference committee of the two chambers Monday voted to remove the amendment from the bill. The amendment bad been the last remaining issue of disagreement in the measure. A White House official said administration officials including Secretary of State George Sbultz and national security adviser Colin Powell had argued strenuously against the amend-

14 killed in clash with police in Karachi

KARACHI, Pakistan (AP) - Police exchanged gunfire Monday with residents of an overcrowded slum in eastern Karachi where three days of violence have left 14 people dead, hospital officials said. Two people were killed Monday, and a police spokesman said three soldiers have been missing since early Monday morning. The army was called in to defuse the tense situatioo. A search of the area has been launched for the missing soldiers, who were believed to have been kidnapped, although oo one claimed responsibility, police said. A curfew was imposed oo the area in an effort to put a lid oo the violeoce that police and residents said erupted over a dispute last Friday between a handful of youths and a store owner.

UAE calls for regional plan to combat pollution

DUBAl (R) - The United Arab Emirates (UAE) called Monday for a regional plan to prevent pollutioo in the Gulf. "A workable plan is needed to combat marine pollution and this presupposes increased cooperation among regional states," said UAE Health Minister Hamad Al Madfa, opening a two-day seminar on protecting the marine eovironment. Gulf war foes Iran and Iraq were represented at the meeting in addition to the six members of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) — Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the UAE. The eight states are members of the Regional Organisation for the Protectioo of Marine Environment (ROPME), set up io Kuwait in 1980. The group reported there were 185 marine pollution accidents in the Gulf last year, most of them caused by attacks hy Iran and Iraq on shipping and oil installations.

Iran says it smashed sabotage ring

NICOSIA (R) — Iran said Mondy it had smashed a sabotage gang which planned to bomh key iostallations at Zahedan close to the borders with Pakistan and Afghanistan. The national oews ageocy IRNA, monitored in Nicosia, said nine people had been arrested and 125 kg of explosives seized. Three of those detained were ageots of an espiooage network of a foreign government, the agency said without elaborating. It described the other six as local merceoaries. It quoted Hussein Mirlohi, deputy commander of the Islamic Revolution Committee, as saying the gang bad planned to start operations by hlowing up the site for Friday prayers io Zahedan.

Reconstruction chief says China to help Iran

NICOSIA (R) — Iran's war-reconstruction chief said Tuesday he had discussed with China huilding two power stations in Iran's Kerman and Gilan provinces. The two countries will also cooperate in building small industries, Hamid Mirzadeh, arriving back to Tehran after a week's visit to China, told reporters. He gave no details of the power plants or industries but Iranian officials have said the eight-year war with Iraq created immense economic problems. Western diplomats see reconstruction focussing on small and medium-sized projects and getting power to factories. The Iranian News Agency (IRNA) quoted Mirzadeh as saying at Tehran airport that Chinese officials told him they were ready to cooperate in Iran's post-war reconstruction.

Egypt wins Taba dispute'

TEL AVIV (R) — Israel has lost a six-year border dispute with Egypt over a tiny Red Sea beachfroot, Israel radio said Tuesday.

A five-member international arhitration panel accepted Egypt's position on the location of the Sinai peninsula border and said the 700-metre Taba beach resort should be returned

to Egypt, it said.

Israel held oo to Taba after withdrawing from Sinai in 1982 uoder a peace treaty with Egypt. It has developed the strip into a popular resort with a luxury hotel and recreation village.

A decisioo in Egypt's favour had been expected, and bilateral negotiations to reach a lastminute compromise settlemeot ол Taba failed.

Israeli press reports said Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and Foreign Minister Shimon Peres were informed of the panel's decisioo over the weekeod, hut officials in both offices refused to comment.

"I can't confirm the reports, Shamir aide Yossi Ahimeir said. A foreign ministry spokes-man told Reuters: "We have nothing to say about this. I doo't know where (the radio) got the information."

Foreign ministry director general Avraham Tamir and ministry legal adviser Robbie Sabel are to head the Israeli delegation that will be on hand in Geneva to receive the ruling.

Israel and Egypt are ex-pected to begin talks on implementing the ruling shortly after it is delivered. Peres and Egyptian Foreign Minister Esmet Abdul Meguid are scheduled to meet in New York

Sources quoted by the Jerusalem Post newspaper Tuesday said the award would be unequivocal and would not leave room for Israeli manoeuvres to retain control over parts of the disputed area or drag out the implementation process.

Reagan wants progress in Mideast peace process

By Russell Dybvik

NEW YORK - President Ronald Reagan denied American efforts to promote peace in the Middle East have been a failure, but he acknowledged Sept. 26 that "all of us would like to make more progress."

As the president began a meet-ing with Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres and Egyptian Foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Meguid at the Waldorf Astoria Hotel in New York, he was asked if the failure to bring about peace io the Middle East was the greatest disappointment of his

presidency.
"I think all of us would like to make more progress, but I doo't think it's a failure," Reagan told reporters. "We're talking to each other.'

Asked why be did not specifi-cally meotion Palestinians in the human rights section of his address to the United Nations General Assembly earlier in the day, the presideot replied: "I thought I was making it plain I was talking about human rights everywhere in the world."

Later at a hriefing on the talks, Richard Murphy, assistant secretary of state for Near Eastern and South Asian affairs, said the presideot emphasised that his administration has been working "to find the path to peace, and we want to discuss today how we can continue to work together towards that goal."

Murphy said the presideot opeoed the session hy noting that the 10th anniversary of the Camp David accords has just passed and "it's a good time to reflect on 1100 (PLO) will find a way to

we're beaded."

Reagan added, "the three of us can take pride in what's been the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty has been a "mooumental achievement which bas changed the face of the region and laid the groundwork for all future efforts at peace."

Growing realism

The president spoke of "a growing realism" in the region and a "recognition we are on the right track," Murphy said. The three governments agree their goal is "a comprehensive peace and that such a peace can only be reached through direct negotia-tions," Murphy siad.

"We must all cootinue to work substance," Murphy said.
gether to shape an eoviroo- Israeli Foreign Minister Peres together to shape an eoviroo-meot favourable to oegotiations," he quoted the presideot as saying. "For its part, Israel must find a way to reach out to Palestinians and Egypt must encourage the Palestinians to adopt reasonable positions."

remains committed to the search for peace in the Middle East with U.S. policy hased oo widely accepted principles that will "re-main constant."

Foreign Minister Meguid said Egypt would do all it could to find a peace solution; he emphasised that Egypt wants to see the West

Bank and Gaza return to normal. Murphy noted that the Egyptian foreign minister said it was his belief that senior levels of the Palestine Liberatioo Organisa-

where we've been and where come to terms with publicly expressing acceptance of Israel's right to exist.

Murphy said the meeting beachieved together over the past tween the president and the eight years," and he ooted that Israeli and Egyptian officials "was oot long coough for either minister to expand in any great detail. There was the assertion by Minister Meguid that at the top levels of the PLO they were going through this very serious appraisal of bow they could come to terms with the long-standing request that Israel's right to exist he ackoowledged explicitly aod simply," Murphy said.

There was also brief reference to last week's address to the Council of Europe in Strasbourg by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat. 'We didn't hear anything oew in it, either in terms of tone or

praised the United States for giving "a firm lead through a difficult period" in the search for a Middle East peace and agreed that a solution must be found for the Palestinians.

Peres urged a joint examina-Murphy said the United States tioo by the United States, Israe! and Egypt of how to "create the necessary cooditions" to promote peace negotiations free of milit-

ary threats. Secretary of State George Shultz, who also participated in the meeting, said "we all need to keep working for the right en-

vironment for peace.' Shultz said he would have additional meetings with Meguid and Peres at the United Nations over the next several days to examine what can be done further.

Kuwaiti emir lays the stone for New York's first mosque

NEW YORK (R) - Sheikh Ja- arts in Manhattan. ber Al Ahmad Al Sahah, the ruler of Kuwait, laid the cornerstone Mooday for New York's first mosque, to serve a growing Islamic community.

Located in Harlem, it stands on the edge of an area which bas a substantial Jewisb population. The mosque is close to the young men's and women's Hebrew association, a major centre for the The \$15.5 million mosque will

form part of a \$25 million Islamic cultural centre that will include a 2,787 sq-metre administrative wing with classrooms, offices, a library and public meeting space.

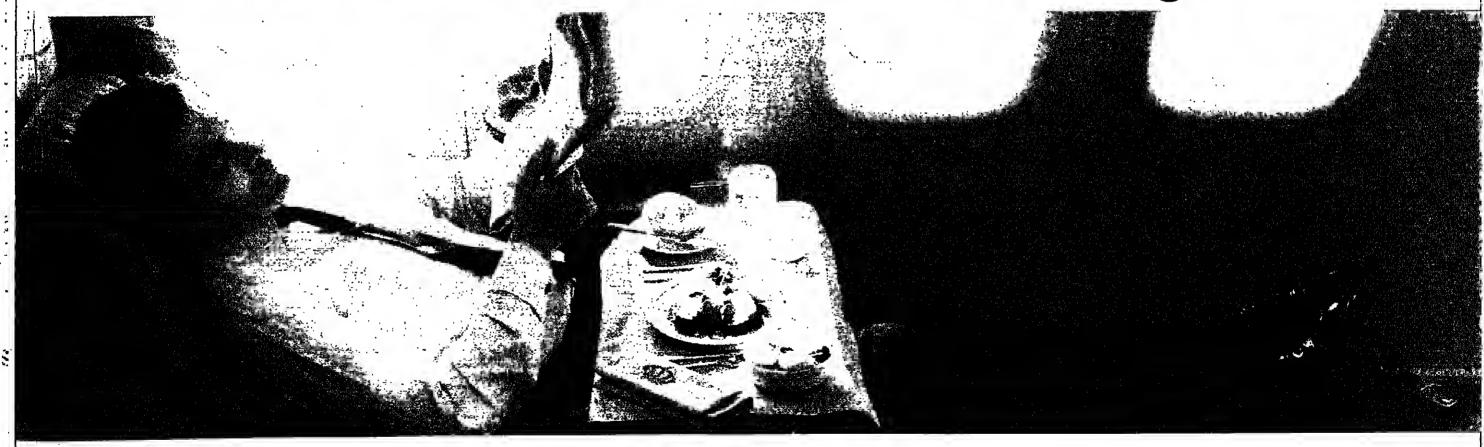
There are an estimated 400,000 Muslims in the city.

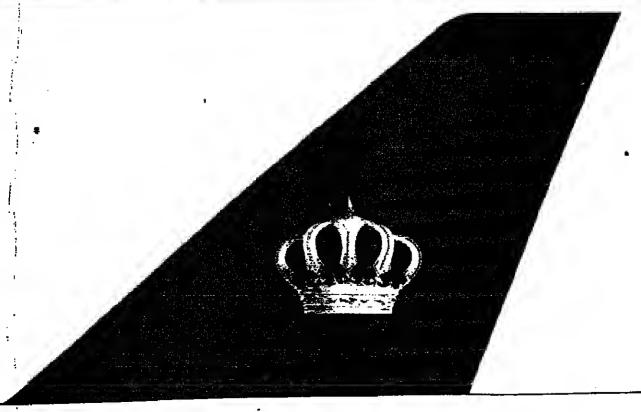
ready next June, is sited at an vide furnishings.

angle, allowing worshippers to face southeast toward Mecca. There will be a 39.62-metre high minaret from which the faithful may be called to prayers several

Kuwait gave \$8 million for the project, for which Saudi Arabia and Libya were other prime con-The mosque, expected to be tributors. Morocco was to pro-

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Oil prices continue to fall

LONDON (R) — Oil prices fell by as much as 70 cents from Monday's highs with North Sea Brent Blend, the most widely traded

crude, below \$13 a barrel in Europe Tuesday morning. Traders doubted that the results of a two-day meeting of OPEC's price committee talks which ended Monday would do anything to help oil

prices in the short-term amid a continuing world glut of supplies.

Weak oil prices have lately eased jitters about a return to inflation in

S. Arabia to extend bond offer to private investors

BAHRAIN (R) — Saudi Arabia is to allow private investors to buy its new government bonds in a bid to revive flagging interest in them and help fill its depleted coffers, bankers said.

They said the Saudi Arabian considerably. It will greatly Monetary Agency (SAMA) had stimulate demand." issued new guidelines for the reg-ular 1.5 billion riyal (\$400 million) offerings and kingdom banks were thrashing out details of how to repackage the notes for a

SAMA has already introduced a repurchase programme for the development bonds, launched last June to help finance a persistent budget deficit, hut bankers said the offerings were substan-

dally undersubscribed. Enthusiasm for the one to fiveyear bonds — the first major government borrowing in Saudi Arahia in 25 years — has been dampened by competition from higher-yielding riyal interbank deposits and the absence of a

secondary market. "It was widely felt that the list of end-investors was too narrow," one kingdom hanker said.

the International Monetary Fund

(IMF) Tuesday urged industrial

nations to seek continued econo-

mic expansion and keep inflation

in check in order to help ease the

Michel Camdessus told the

annual meeting of the IMF and

the World Bank that rich coun-

tries must be on guard against a

avoid the return of inflationary

psychology," he said in a pre-

"Once inflationary expecta-

tions become embedded, it is too

late," said Camdessus, of France.

"It is then costly and time-con-

He warned there are "a few

scattered warning signals," in-

cluding tightening labour markets

in some countries and higher

mut Robi told the opening ses-

sion of the meeting that the Third

World deht problem "still consti-

tutes an oppressive burden" for

the ther vigorous efforts are thus required, he said. "We

must not be indifferent to hunger

and misery, disease and environ-

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non service ping countries.

West Gamen Chancellor Hel-

prices for some commodities.

suming to eradicate them."

The central requirement is to

fresh surge in prices.

pared text.

burdens of indebted nations.

Bankers declined to give details of SAMA's fresh criteria for trading the bonds, which are tailored along Islamic lines.

But they said the country's 11 commercial hanks would be allowed to sell the paper to Saudi corporations and citizens in amounts of at least one million riyals (\$266,000).

Buyers, who will receive contract notes, may not resell the bonds to non-Saudis.

Previously Saudi investors could invest only indirectly in the bonds through bond-based mutual funds being offered by the banks. Banks won approval in July to resell the paper to selected government and quasi-government bodies.

The honds were initially placed with two government agencies, the General Organisation for So-'The range has now widened cial Insurance and the Pension

Debt, poverty and growth top

list of IMF/World Bank talks

our duty to provide effective growth."

He said West Germany plans

He urged banks to do more. Together with the countries

to cancel about \$4 billion worth

of debt owed hy poor countries.

concerned, banks bear the main

responsibility for finding solu-

tions that afford the prospect of

overcoming the economic diffi-culties," be said.

in fashioning rescue packages for

beavily indebted nations. The

World Bank, its sister organisa-

tion, provides assistance to such

countries for economic develop-

Conable made an impassioned

appeal to the rich countries to

work for reduction of world

vents a billion people from having

even minimally acceptable stan-dards of living," he said in the prepared text of his remarks.

being on our planet to suffer such

"It is more: It is bad econo-

mics, a terrible waste of precious

development resources. Poverty

destroys lives, human dignity and

economic potential," he said. "It

must be fought with resolution,

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guages, French, Arabic

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life on earth.

Wuerzburg,

West-Germany"

an existence is a moral outrage,

he said.

"Poverty on today's scale pre-

To allow every fifth human

World Bank President Barber

The IMF has been instrumental

"SAMA's step will have two impacts," one Saudi banker said. Kingdom banks will subscribe to more of the bonds and investors with money outside the country may bring funds bome to take advantage of the deal."

In compliance with an Islamic ban on usury, there is no fixed interest rate on the bonds which are issued every other week and pay twice a year a fixed sum or "cash flow" linked to unspecified government development pro-

However, bankers can calculate a Western-style yield which they say bas remained at a margin of 20 to 50 basis points above like-dated U.S. treasury notes.

SAMA told banks earlier it would repurchase up to 10 per cent of the value of the bonds in a bank's portfolio as long as the sum did not exceed 100 million rivals (\$27 million) during any 28-day period.

But the move failed to significantly boost demand and some bankers estimate only around six start walking," be said.

In his speech, Camdessus

urged the United States to reduce

its government spending.
"Fiscal restraint is currently

warranted in several countries,

most notably the United States,"

"A stronger budgetary position in the United States would also

belp make exchange markets

more resilient in the face of unex-

pected developments," he said,

indebted countries.'

nomies to health.

ral gas reservoir.

and it would lower real interest rates, with beneficial effects for

Camdessus advised those gov-

ernments to continue to pursue

policies that will return their eco-

(QGPC) will borrow \$400 million

from capital markets to help fi-

nance the \$1.3 billion project to

Gulf banking sources said

-annual basis.

"Debt and growth. The two

Qatar plans to borrow

\$400m for gas project

BAHRAIN (R) — Qatar Gener- loan. "The government guaran- al Petroleum Corporation tee is available," one banker said.

develop its vast North Field natu- to raise the amount of oil re-

QGPC would soon invite a number of banks in and outside the United States is financial Gulf to submit proposals for the adviser to OGPC on the project.

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Fund, before being offered to billion riyals (\$1.6 billion) or 57 per cent of the initial seven issues were taken.

This means SAMA may not be able to meet its projected 1988 budget deficit of 36 billion riyals (\$9.6 billion) without dipping further into its depleted foreign reserves.

Falling oil prices have also raised fears the deficit could widen, prompting a riyal devaluation to increase the value of the country's dollar-denominated oil revenues.

'The main motive behind SAMA's new step is to help the kingdom meet its budget deficit," one senior banker said.

"It means we will have a free secondary market, with prices commercially determined.

Some banks bave already begun to contact their clients. But one banker cautioned it would take a few weeks before they had worked out the practicalities of the venture in detail.

'No-one wants to rush in without preparing proper accounting procedures - we must make sure we have the right shoes before we

cannot be separated," he said.

tion to the debt problem without a restoration of growth."

There can be no durable soln-

He applauded the industrial

nations' decision to lighten the

money woes of the poorest de-

btor countries, mostly in sub-

Saharan Africa, and called on

bankers and governments to do

"Public agencies have doubled their sbare of financing to the big debtors since 1985," he said. "Such an effort can only be

justified before public opinion —

and thereby sustained - if banks

make a comparable effort to pro-

vide new money, more attractive

terms or a reduction in the bur-

Bankers said QGPC had lo-

wered its earlier projections of

borrowing \$600 million as it plans

venues allocated for the project

to 40,000 barrels per day from

30,000 harrels.

den of debt service," he said.

more for the large debtors.

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

USAID guarantees new credits

AMMAN (J.T.) - Small and medium sized businesses in Jordan* will benefit from an agreement under which the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) will guarantee \$2 million in loans provided by the Cairo Amman Bank for importa-tion of capital goods. Jawdat Shashaa, chairman of the Cairo Amman Bank; Roscoe Suddarth, United States amhassador; and Lewis Reade, director of USAID signed the agreement Sunday. Under the agreement, USAID will assume 50 per cent of the risk of nonpayment of principal and interest on qualifying loans. These funds are in addition to the \$10 million loan guarantee project for small enterprise development recently signed by the Government of Jordan and USAID which will provide guarantees to lending institutions to increase credit to micro and small businesses for the purposes of expanding, improving efficiency, and producing and selling goods.

Oman announces two new oil strikes

MUSCAT (AP) - Oman announced two new oil strikes Tuesday following an intensive exploration effort in the southern part of the country. The announcement hy the state-owned Petrolenm Development Oman (PDO) came as Oil Minister Ahmad Saeed Al Shanfari said the Sultanate was willing to cut crude production, if other oil producers agreed on a formula to bolster declining oil prices. PDO reported discoveries of light oil at Rajaa Two and Zumurrud. Exploration Manager Peter De Ruiter said more drilling was needed to determine the extent of the oil-bearing structure. "But it is encouraging to find oil in what was known to be a risky geological setting," he added. Oman, which is not a member of the 13-nation Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries, is a modest oil exporter with a current output of 600,000 barrels per day. Domestic consumption accounts for 50,000 barrels and the rest is exported.

EC, Hungary sign major trade accord

BRUSSELS, Belgium (AP) — The European Community (EC) and Hungary signed Monday the most extensive trade and economic cooperation accord ever reached between the EC and an East Bloc nation. Under the accord, the EC and Hungary grant each other most-favoured nation status in trade and establish diplomatic relations. It forces the EC to gradually end by Dec. 31, 1995 curbs on Hungarian imports. Those on "very sensitive" items, such as textiles, fertilisers, polymers, wood products, glass, leather goods, cement and colour television sets, that represent 20 per cent of all restrictions, are the last to go. In return, Hungary will improve market access for EC firms by helping them open offices and recruit staff and end discrimination against EC firms in awarding contracts and import licences. The EC and Hungary are also to step up economic cooperation in industry, farming, energy, and science,

Gold may test \$380 an ounce

ZURICH (R) - Gold prices, jolted hy fading concern about inflation, heavy speculative selling, oversupply and the psycholo-gical impact of dipping below \$400 an ounce, will soon test support around \$380, analysts

"Expected support at \$400 an ounce failed and the next support is at around \$380, which is where we are headed in the next few days," said metals analyst Graham Birch at stockbroker Kleinwort Grieveson in London.

but the metal was quoted some \$10 an ounce higher by midday Tuesday.

Mitsuhiko Kawakami, a precious metal dealer at Mitsuhishi Corp in Tokyo, expected a slight rally o as high as \$410 an ounce this week on short-covering — a situation where a commodity, currency or security has been sold and must be covered by a corres-

ponding purchase. "However, it (gold) is most likely to breach \$400 soon after the rebound because large selling is expected if gold approaches that price level." he added. Underlying sentiment was insufficient to keep the price above

\$400, he said. Fundamentals suggest staying ket prices around \$390.

on the short side, some metal dealers said. Easier energy and grain prices, both of which once fanned inflationary concerns, now keep giving sell signals. "The current price level

appears very attractive but nobody seems to be interested because everyone believes prices will approach an even lower level," said Katsushige Yamazaki, an analyst at Ace Koeki Co. Ltd. a commodity brokerage

Still, some customers are taklapse, which has brought gold to its lowest levels since December 1986, noted Hans-Juerg Pletscher, a metal analyst at Union Bank of Switzerland (UBS).

"Physical demand is still there from the traditional customers in the Middle East and Far East and from the European jewelry industry," Pletscher said.
Prices under \$400 spell trouble

for some mines whose average recovery costs are close to or above current market levels.

In South Africa, the world's biggest gold producer, analysts estimate nearly half the major gold mines are unprofitable in dollar terms at international mar-

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the United States and other industrial nations. But hankers say further decline may do serious damage in debt-laden Third World oil exporters such as Nigeria and Indonesia. **AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES**

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Loca	l sell/buj	rrates in fils	
delgian franc (tor 10)	178.70 63.40 27.20 277.40 59.00 254.50 680.00	Iraqi dinar	950.00 276.70 1405.00 170.00 112.80 110.30 1060.00

AND AN EINANCIAL MARKET

AMMAN FINANCIAL MUNICIPAL					
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Jordan Finance House	1000000	D	1000000	2	
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Parallel market:	1200	Ъ	1008	+	
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Treasury bills & bonds;	_		_	+	
Other debentures:	_		_		

JORDAN BUSINESS DIRECTORY

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inistry of Industry and Trade 663191 inistry of Supply 602121 inistry of Finance 636321 inistry of Planning 644466 inistry of Labour 663186 inistry of Communications 847391 inistry of Agriculture 639391 come Tax Departmen 660151 entral Bank of Jordan 630301 man Gustoms Department 772181 icial Security Corporation 643000 rdan Industrial Estates Corporation 721194	Jordan Commercial Centres Corporation

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday or the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

One Sterling 1.6725/35 U.S. dollar Canadian dollar One U.S. dollar 1.2190/2200 1.8820/30 Deutschemarks Dutch guilders 2.1217/27 Swiss francs 1.5923/33 39.41 /44 Belgian francs French francs 6.4050/4100 1403/1404 Italian lire 134.50/60 Japanese yen 6.4625/75 Swedish crowns 6.9400/50 Norwegian crowns 7.2100/50 Danish crowns One ounce of gold 397.00/397.50 U.S. dollars

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

SYDNEY - The share market drifted off the day's highs to close steady in thin trading. At the close of floor trading the All-Ordinaries Index was unchanged at 1,543.3.

TOKYO - Shares closed up after keeping to a high note all day Volume was brisk in the first trading session of the new fiscal year for securities houses. The Nikkei index rose 165.81 points, or 0.61 per cent, to 27,499.56.

HONG KONG — Prices closed slightly firmer after another sluggish trading day with property shares taking most of the gains. The Hang Seng Index ended at the day's highs, adding 11.89 jo

SINGAPORE — Prices closed marginally easier but above the morning's lows in thin and dull trading. The Straits Times Industrial Index shed 0.82 points to 1.022.28. BOMBAY - Market closed until Wednesday.

FRANKFURT — Shares eased a touch in moderate trading as expected foreign investor interest again failed to materialise to help prices off their plateau. The Dax index slipped 0.2 per cent to 1,254.51.

ZURICH — Prices retreated from Monday's l is to close slightly lower. The weaker trend on Wall Street and :k of new hullish factors caused some profit taking. The All-Sh: Swiss Index was down 1.8 to 908.9 points.

LONDON — Shares were below the highs reached on news of a lower than expected U.K. August current account deficit. The FTSE 100 share index was up 16.6 points to 1.809.3 at 1442 GMT. NEW YORK — Stocks were slightly lower and moving little. Bonds firmed as oil futures fell moderately. The Dow was down four at 2,081 after being up about four points earlier.

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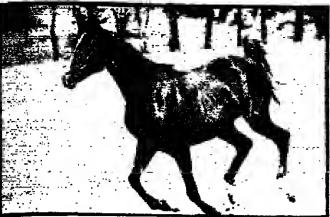
Ciriema

Assassination of a Ceasiige (Arabic) Performances 3/30, n.00, 8/30, 10/30



Performances 3-15 in Rick William Will





An Arabian horse from the Royal Stables

Arabian horse festival planned

AMMAN (J.T.) - A festival for the borse-show site. Reveoues original Arab horses will be held at the Royal Stables Thursday.

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from this eveot will benefit Wadi Mousa veterinary elinic.

U. of J. beats Zagazig

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Universiball matches which will be beld ty of Jordan basketball team uesday defeated the visiting Egyptian team of Zaqaziq University I12-66 io a basketball match held at the University of Jordan's playgrounds.

The visiting team will play a number of games with the various University of Jordan teams, incinding two football and basket- University.

Wednesday.

The Egyptian Zaqaziq studeot delegacioo, beaded by Abdul Sattar Mustafa, Zaqaziq Umiversity vice-presideor for educaconal and student affairs, arrived here Monday oo a teo-day visit to Jordan. The student delegation includes 42 athletes from Zaqaziq

Rams, Bills, Bengals remain steadfast

NEW YORK (AP) - Perfection still suits the Buffalo Bills, Cincinnati Beogals and Los Angeles Rams after four weeks of National Football League actioo.

The Bills stayed uobeateo with a 36-28 victory over the Pittsburgh Steelers on Suoday,

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

TOO LIGHT TO BE TRUE

Q 6 10 6 3 EAST # Q963 + K J8532 J987 J987 62 # AQ3 SOUTH A K Q 5 4 2

South West 3 NT Pass East West North Pass Opening lead: Ten of

Proponents of one method or another are quick to tell you what advantages their system conters. They are not as fast at pointing out the drawbacks. This column tells it like it is—no single bid or method is a panacea for all ills. You must weigh each one, decide on the pluses and minuses and how it suits your style. Those who favor light opening bids profess how beneficial it is to get in and out of the bidding quickly; how you disrupt the opponents'

constructive bidding by stealing the

East-West vulnerable. East deals. opening bid from them. What they forget to state is that, when you don't buy the contract, you have often drawn a blueprint for declarer of the lie of the cards. This hand comes from the recent North American Championships

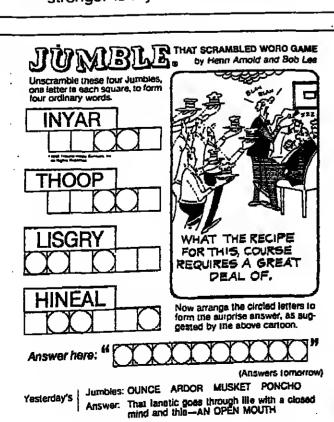
South's jump to three no trump was a practical solution to a difficult bidding problem. After the lead of a heart, it seemed that nine tricks were there for the taking, but declarer received a shock at trick two when he cashed the ace of diamonds and West discarded a club.

contract would be to take two spade finesses. However, East's opening bid marked him for at least the king of spades, and possibly the queen as well. In addition, since East surely had at least nine red cards, there was also the possibility that he was short in spades. So at trick three declarer led a spade to the ace, and was grati-

fied to see the king drop. On the continuation of the jack of spades. West could not afford to win the queen without setting up the sun. But once declarer had a second 'pade trick, he was able to concede a diamond and score his nine tricks via two spades, two hearts and five

THE BETTER HALF, By Harris HARRIS "I started exercising last week.

The only thing that's getting stronger is my aches and pains."



Ben Johnson drug scandal deals blow to Olympic movement

SEOUL (AP) — The world's fastest man was stripped of his gold medal Tuesday in a doping scandal that dealt a new blow to an Olympic movement just recovering from near-ruinous political boycotts and terrorism of the past.

The medal forfeited by Cana- seconds, set on Saturday, was da's "Big Ben" Johnsoo was awarded to his arch rival, Carl Lewis of the United States, who fioished secood in Saturday's momeotous I00-metre duel in Olympic stadium. That put Lewis back on track for an unpreeedeoted, secood four-medal sweep. On Monday, Lewis became the first man in Olympic history to repeat as loog jump champioo.

"It was a blow for the Olympie games and the Olympic movement," Juan Aotonio Samaranch, president of the loternaoonal Olympie Committee (IOC) said after learning that the muscular Johnsoo bad tested positive for steroid use.

But, looking at the brighter side, the Spaniard said the incident proved that "the IOC was right in the firm stand it has adopted to keep the games elean." He referred to IOC's rigorous drug-testiog prog-

Also dimmed by the Johnsoo scandal was Olaf Ludwig's victory in the men's 197-kilometre Olympie road race that added to East Germany's burgeoniog medal haul, and the equestrian gold medal won by Nicole Uphorf of West Germany in dressage com-

Oversbadowed

pie yachting regatta.

Cycling

Olaf Ludwig led an East and

The East German hurst clear of the field with Bernd Groene of West Germaoy about three kilometres from the finish and had three seconds to spare over his rival at the line.

Another West German, Christian Henn, took the bronze, 21 seconds behind Groene. Robert Mionske of the United States was

Weightlifting Heavyweight Yuri Zacharevich

France, East Germany, Britain, Denmark, New Zealand, Spain and the United States claimed gold medals in the Olym-

West German sweep of the medals in a closely cootested meo's cycling road race at the Olympics oo Tuesday.

smashed two of his world records and won the Soviet Union their fifth weightlifting gold medal at the Olympics on Tuesday.

He twice broke his previous world mark of 203.5 kilogrammes for the snatch, ending with 210 kilogrammes, and smashed his world total lift record with a new mark of 455 kilogrammes.

In a close tussle for the other medals, Jozsef Jacso of Hungary woo the silver with a combined lift of 427.5 and East German Ronny Weller took the bronze with 425, edging out compatriot Michael Schubert who lifted the same weight but was heavier.

Yachting

American Allisoo Jolly oo Tuesday elinebed the first ever Olympie gold in the womeo's 470 yachting, but the United States missed two other golds in dramatie finishes.

Britain's Mike Mcintyre stole the star from Mark Reynolds' grasp after the American broke his mast and retired. East German Jocheo Schuemann edged out U.S. areb-rival John Kostecki in the last stages of the soling. Provisional results showed

Thierry Peponnet sealed victory

yachting gold, after racing in battering winds at Suyong bay near the southeastern port of Pusan.

Jose Luis Doreste of Spain won the single-handed finn class, sailing in stronger winds but smaller waves than oo previous days when some races had to be can-

Judo

Paris sport instructor Marc Alexandre woo the Olympic judo lightweight gold medal on Tues-day after the favourites bit the

The 28-year-old Frenchman. world silver medallist, woo a brawling contest with East Germany's Sveo Loll thanks to ooe successful outer reaping throw.

Grabame Cbaoey eoded Americao bopes of equalling their record Los Angeles baul of nine golds oo Tuesday, claiming Australia's first boxing medal since Tony Madigan lost to Cassius Clay to take a bronze in the 1960 semifinals.

But the U.S., Soviet Union and East Germany emerged from the with three boxers through to the pie history.

in the men's 470, France's second semifinals and guaranteed at least a bronze medal.

As the gruelling 430-fight tournament neared its fioal stages, light-welterweight (63.5 kilogrammes) Chaney scraped through oo a 3-2 decisioo over Todd Foster after an all-action scrap that left both meo bloody and exhausted.

Light-flyweight (48-kilogram-me) Miebael Carbajal, lightweight (60 kilogramme) Romallis Ellis and light-heavyweight (81 kilogramme) Andrew Maynard

were the three U.S. winners. The Soviet Union lost their moroiog session bout but bounced back with three wins io a row in the evening.

Light-beavyweight Nurma-

gomed Shanavazov scored their most clear-cut victory when he woo every round oo the judges' cards agaiost Italy's Aodrea

Magi. East Germany's Henry Maske underlined his medal prospects with a resounding 5-0 win over Italy's Miebele Mastrodooato in a middleweight (75 kilogramme)

Thirteeo countries share the other semifinal spots, iodicating the breadth of talent in the toughfirst round of the quarter-finals est boxing tournameot in Olym-

American team-mate and dou-

bles partner Pam Shriver 6-3, 6-2.

with a 6-3, 6-4 win. The unseeded

Italian put out secood seed Chris

Evert of the United States in the

In men's play, Wimbledoo champioo Stefan Edberg made

third round.

Sabatini's semifinal opponent

Brazil, Soviets to compete for soccer gold

officially erased, but his old mark

of 9.83, set io beating Lewis at

the World Champiooships in

Rome last year, stayed on the

Diving

The degradation of the 26-year-old Caoadiao superstar

overshadowed Greg Lougani's dramatie and tearful triumph over Chinese Xloog Ni in platform

diving that made the U.S. cham-

pioo the first male diver to win

two golds in consecutive games. Needing 85.56 points oo his final

dive to de his Chinese opponent,

the 28-year-old Louganis rose to

the occasion and tallied 86.70 for

'Like in '84, I reminded myself

that my mother's still going to

love me oo matter what happens,

which makes it easier." Louganis

said of his decisive dive. He wept

as the final result was announced.

a 638.61-637.47 vietory over

record books.

PUSAN (AP) — Brazil and the 1-1. Soviet Union reached the fioals after the eod of regulation time.

Brazil, the I984 silver medallist, downed ao off-target West Germany to a peoalty shootout after the game ended in a tie following 30 minutes of extra

There is an inclination to change some of the things that we hold

dear and of value. Satisfy a need for individual expression that is

original but practical in nature.

Keep your emotions in check. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Take

delaya in atride. Try not to use emo-

lions to get your own way.
Everything turns to your favor
when you use self-control.
TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)

Use gentle persuesion to get what you went. Don't miss an apportu-

you went. Don't inies an epoctu-nity to make a lucky mova. You will benefit from good living habits. GEMINI IMey 2I to June 21) If you feel pulled in more than one direction, take time out to handle personal affairs. Den't hold on to

things you know don't work well.
MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to

Jul 21) A distant contact can prove

important. Keep your emotions under wraps, and share them only with sameone close to you.

LEO (Jul. 22 is Aug. 21) Don't let success go to your head. You have the discrete your efficient.

the power 1s direct your effairs if you take a "look and see" attituds.

Ask more questions. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 221 Try

to unwind from the day's pressures.

19 Farinaceous 20 Gracelul Ire 21 Roosler 23 Househald

25 Narrow ridges 26 Courage 28 London's river

31 Abscende
33 Swiss peaks
34 Curve
37 Linesge
38 Sey yee
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THE Daily Crossword by Herold B. Counte

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The Soviets defeated Italy 3-2 of the Olympie soccer tourna- in overtime after the first 90 meot Tuesday, both battling minutes also produced a 1-1, and down their semifinal opponents will chase their first Olympie soccer gold in 32 years.

your home environment. Stay with what is familiar to you today.

acity to brin

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Your

others is a useful tool. Remance is

at its high point. Use the weekend for a change of pace.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 ts Nav. 21)
Stick to your game plan. It's mind over matter, and you have centrol. Spend time with people who are feeling low and need a boost.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 ts Dec. 21) Affairs at home will keep you busier than usual. Avoid giving neaty responses as a result of outside pressure. Be understanding.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)
A romantic interest appears in spite of your better judgment. Doe't let social affairs interfere. Use your telents to move shead at work.

talents to move shead at work.
AQUARIUS (Jen. 21 to Feb. 19)

Mingle with those who are upbeat and on the same wavelength. Some one is in the picture who could help

with your career.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Your energy and enthusiasm are high. Try not to take matters too seriously and spoil all the fun. Details can be worked out leter.

Yesterday's Pozzie Solved:

54 Steuth Charlie 85 Timber wolf 57 Sigilian maunt

57 Sicilian maunt 58 Nautical word

Brazil will play the Soviet Uoioo Saturday for the gold medal. Italy, which lost 3-2 to the Soviets in the other semifinal Tuesday, faces West Germany Friday for time which left the two level at the bronze.

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1988

YOUR HOROSCOPE

- As Charted By The Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Exercise and relax by working in

The gold medal game will be played at Seoul's 70,000-seat Olympie stadium, a day after it hosts the game for the bronze medal between Tuesday's losers. Italy came into the semifinals

tired from an overtime quarterfinals defeat of Swedeo less than 48 hours before. The Soviets played a waiting game before overpowering their opposeot mainly using sheer athletie power in a game of middling quality.

Italy thus missed revenge for its elimination at the bands of the Soviets in the semifinals of last June's European championships. But it still has a chance for its first Olympic soccer medal sioce wioning the tournament at the 1936 Berlio games.

The Soviets last won the Olympic title at the 1956 Olympics in Melbourne, Australia, they woo bronze medals in 1972, 1976 and

After an uninspiring first half, the game at Pusan came alive wheo Italian forward Antonio Virdis put his side ahead with a thoughtful header in the 50th The Soviets responded with an

offensive blitz in which Igor Dobrovolski scored the equaliser only 12 minutes from the final whistle, upping his tournameot tally.

The Italians held oo until the

end of reguladoo time but then succumbed to recewed Soviet pressuré.

Olympic medals table

SEOUL (AP) — Medals table after Tuesday's events at the Summer Olympics (read gold, silver, bronze, total):

	G	5	8	ı	ı
Soviet Union	35	17	28	80	l
East Germany	29	22	20	71	ı
United States	17 8	17	17	51	l
West Germany	8	8	6	22	l
Romania	5	9	7	21	l
China	3	9	9	21	ı
Bulgaria	3	7	6	21 21 20	l
Hungary	8	6	3	17	l
Britain	4	7	6	17	l
South Korea	3	3	5	17 17 11	ı
France	4	3	3	10	l
Italy	4	3	5 3 7	10	l
New Zealand	2	1	7	10	l
Australia	1	4	3	8	l
Poland	1	4	3	8	l
Japan	1	2	4	7	l
Sweden	0	3	3	6	l
Netherlands	2	3	0	5	ı
Czechoslovakia	22221	33221	0	6 5 4 4	l
Norway	2	2	0	4	l
Denmark	2	1	1	4	l
Yugoslavla	2	0	2	4	١
Finland	1	1	2	4	l
Switzerland	0	2	2	4	ĺ
Canada	Ō	1	3	4	ı
Spain	1	0	2	3	l
Brazil	0	1	2223221	3	l
Kenya	1	Ō	1	3 2 2	l
Morocco	1	0	1	2	l
Portugal	1	0	0	1	l
Suriname	1	0	0	1	١
Turkey	1	(1	n	1	1

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advance to semi-finals German Graf will play Zina Gar-

Graf, Sabatini

champioo Steffi Graf, who rallied risoo, who comfortably beat from 3-I down in the final set agaiost Russiao Larisa Sav-cbenko, and Gabriela Sabatini moved a step closer to an Olym- is Bulgarian Manuela Maleeva pie final showdown when they who ended Raffaella Reggi's run won their quarter-finals Tuesday.

Graf, whose only two defeats this year were by Sabatini, looked uncharacteristically patchy in her 6-2, 4-6, 6-3 win over the Russian, temporarily losing the pow-er of her forehand during the secood set and missing three chances to convert break points. changes of the meo's singles, "I could have lost it," Graf said reached the last four of the men's

of her first match against Sav- doubles with Aoders Jarryd. ing for a long time." The 17-year-old Natalia 6-4, 6-3.

chenko. "I haven't had that feel-ing for a long time." They beat Australia's Darren Cahill and John Fitzgerald 6-3, Sergio Casal also reached the last tini but the Soviet player's nerve failed her oo key points and the Argeotine woo 6-4, 6-3.

four in straight sets, along with Miloslav Mecir and Milan Srejber In Thursday's semifinals West of Czechoslovakia.

Oman's hope for Olympic gold

MUSCAT (AP) - Mohammad Mariam, said every member of Malki's family gathered specially in a mosque to pray for his victory Tuesday, the eve of his becoming the first Arab from the Gulf regioo to take part in an Olympie

Malki's younger sister, Ian Morris.

the household prayed for his success in the 400-metres final.

Malki, 26, a film editor working for Oman television, finished third in the semi-ficals behind world record Holder Harry 'buteh" Reynolds and Trinidad's

Peanuts



Chile

Costa Rica

Virgin Islands

Senegal

Belgium

Mexico





Mutt'n' Jeff







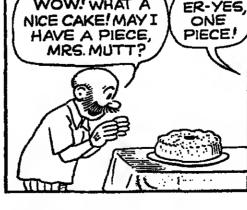
Andy Capp











Burmese opposition aligns united front

RANGOON (R) — Brigadier Aung Gyi, once number two man to long-ruling authoritarian Ne Win, was Tuesday named chairman of a unified opposition in Burma.

Firmer Defence Minister took over. Dissidents, doctors General Tm Oo was named vice chairman and Aung San Suu Kyi, 43-year-old daughter of independence hero Aung San, was named general secretary of the League for Democracy, the league said in a manifesto.

The manifesto called on all workers to continue strikes and defy an order from the military government to return to work by next Monday.

li demanded an end to a ban on public gatherings and a curfew imposed after the army seized power Sept. 18.

"Brutal behavinur" by the army towards students, monks and other people must stop, the manifestn said.

and diplomats say the death toll in Rangoon is closer to 1,000 and most of those killed were unarmed demnastrators.

The manifesto said killings had

An opposition spokesman said had changed its name to the League for Democracy from the National United Front for Democracy because the old ruling party, the Burma Socialist Programme Party (BSSP), bad adopted a

The BSPP changed its name Sunday tn the National Unity

The league called nn the military government to permit newspapers to publish freely. In the six The military government has weeks between the breakdown of said about 300 "destructive elements" bave been killed since it takeover dozens of new newspap-

Rangonn and the nfficial press ran statements from the opposi-

All this has stopped since Sept.

The manifesto called for the immediate release of people arrested since the army took over, after months of anti-government demonstrations and weeks of strike brought economic life in Burma 10 a halt.

There was no word in the manifestn on the opposition's often expressed desire for an interim government to lead the country back to democracy after 26 years of militaristic socialist

Also ignored was a call from the military government for npposition leaders to participate general elections promised within three months.

Opposition sources said nver the past two days the united front would take part, but Aung San Suu Kyi told Reuters Tuesday morning the time was not right

"We bave in take this step by

Military sets up court

Rangoon radio said Tuesday the military rulers had set up a supreme court and issued more rulings, warnings and statistics in their attempt to regulate the restive country.

The radio called nn student activists in hiding to report to authorities and promised no actinn would be taken against them.

But in a broadcast monitored in Bangkok, it also warned: Those whn establish contact, join insurgents and return as hardcore saboteurs will be treated as insurgents and decisive action will

Hundreds of students and nther activists prominent in the uprising bave fled to ethnic minnrity rebel-held areas near Thailand, Rangnon residents

Rakowski named` Polish premier

WARSAW (R) — Politburo member Mieczyslaw Raknwski, an old opponnent of Solidarity who puts a premium on strengthening Communist Party rule, was confirmed in office Tuesday as Poland's

Parliament approved Rakowski's appointment, which the party's policy-making central committee announced Monday, by 338 votes to five with 35 abstentions.

Rakowski, 61, replaced Prime Minister Zbigniew Messner, who was dismissed Sept. 19 after party leaders accused him of mismanaging the economy and failing to halt a collapse in public confidence in the authorities.

The composition of Rakowski's new government will be annnunced next month.

Party leader Wnjciech Jaruzelski, formerly proposing Rakowski to parliament as the next prime minister, said: "He is a man full of energy, initiative and courage in the pursuit of new solutions. He is a proponent of democratic reforms.

The government faces the challenge of persuading Poland's hard-pressed 38 million people to accept stringent austerity measures as a means of reviving Poland's chronically inefficient and virtually bankrupt econnmy.

Superpower leaders out of Nobel race

OSLO (R) - The United Nations Organisation have edged nut Soviet leader Mikhail Gorhachev and President Ronald Reagan as favourites for this year's Nnbel Peace Prize.

The winner's name will be cloaked in the traditional secrecy until Thursday, when the Oslobased Nobel committee will reveal who has been chosen from this year's near-record 97 nominations.

But speculation in the Norwegian media, often well-founded in the past, has drawn the spotlight away from the two superpower leaders, jointly nominated for first ever U.S.-Soviet pact to and the Gulf. agree cuts in the world's nuclear

Instead, the United Nations

Under Secretary-General Diego Cordovez and the World Health Organisatinn (WHO) are nnw favoured.

The problem with Reagan and Gorbachev is the U.S. election. It could be taken as an endorsement of (Republican candidate) George Bush's campaign if Reagan won," said one seasoned Norwegian Nobelwatcher who asked not to be identified.

"The U.N., n its various forms, is a good bet. The world is taking notice of it now," he added.

The 159-nation world body, long regarded as a mere debating signing the intermediate-range chamber, is enjoying new respect nuclear forces (INF) treaty—the as a peacemaker in Afghanistan

The U.N., and specifically Cordovez, played a major role in negotiating the withdrawal of peace-keeping forces, U.N. Soviet troops from Afghanistan. loyal 10 Ferdinand Marcos.

Manila captures leader in coup plot

MANILA (R) — Security forces Triesday captured a key leader of a failed 1987 Philippine coup attempt and President Corazon Aquino suggested for the first time senior politicians were in-volved in pluts to nverthrow ber.

The military said Lieutenant Colnnel Eduardo Matiliann gave up peacefully after dozens nf sol-diers and police before dawn surrounded a small botel in suburban Quezon city which the rebel officer had been using as a

Aquinn immediately ordered the Justice Department to "build up information and file cases against very high political personalines" involved in efforts to destabilise her 31-mnnth-old government, a presidential spokesman said.

Aquinn did nni name the polincians. She said Matillano's capture "will contribute to the stability of the government."

Matillann was a senior aide of renegade army Cnlonel Gregorio 'Gringo" Honasan, who led the August 1987 cnup attempt against Aquino in which mnre than 50 died. Honansan has remained at large since escaping from a prison-ship in April.

Matillano, who led a battalion of troops in the coup attempt. escaped from an army stockade a few days after Honasan made bis

His capture brought to 64 the number of coup plotters arrested in raids around Manila in the past two months.

Capital Command Chief Brigadier-General Rodolfo Biazon said seized documents showed Honasan's group had formed an alliance with fugitive soldiers,

Air force rescues 22 birdwatchers

PWLLHELI, Wales (AP) — The Royal Air Force rescued 22 birdwatchers who ran out of food after bad weather stranded them nn a small island, officials said. Two air force helicopters picked up the group and took them to the coastal town of Pwilheli, according to a Ministry of Defence spokesman. The birdwatchers bad been stranded nn Bardsey, a tiny island 3.2 kilometres off the northern coast of Wales, according to an LBC radio report. The Defence Ministry spokesman said the birdwatchers had planned to leave the island a week agn.

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Thief could land in hot soup

HONG KONG (R) - Hong Kong police are hunting a thief with expensive tastes whn is feathering his nest with gnurmet soup ingredients. They are also searching for the birds nests worth \$6,923 the thief stole from a store on Hong Kong island. The swallnws' nests, made with saliva; twigs and leaves, are the central component of a very pricey soup considered a delicacy by the Chinese. The crook's haul weighed some 40 kilogrammes.

Olympic swimmers apologise for theft

SEOUL (AP) - Two U.S. Olympic swimmers apologised Tuesday for taking a hotel ornament and said they hoped the incident would not damage U.S.-South Korean relations. Troy Dalbey and Doug Gjertsen offered apologies to the Korean people when they arrived at a Seoul police station to he questioned about the removal of a marble lion's mask from a local hotel. The two could face chatges of aggravated theft. "We want to apologise especially to the Korean people and hope our actions have not jeopardised relations between the people of the United States and the people of Korea. Dalbey said to a roomfull of reporters. The arrest of the two swimmers after they took the \$830 mask last Saturday has flared into a major incident.

Britain reluctant to change its ways

LONDON (AP) — As a deadline draws near for Britain to adopt the metric measurement system of the European Economic Community (EEC), the island nation is preparing to defend some vestiges of its imperial system. This country, which has lagged in adopting its EEC neighbours' metric system, will probably be weighing in grammes and measuring in centimetres by around the time Europe becomes a single market in 1992. But it plans to ask to retain several key exceptions — like the pint (0.95 litres) and the mile (1,600 metres) - indefinitely, officials say.

Universal Olympic complaint

SEOUL (AP) - The Olympic athletes don't like the food they are offered. That is the single, universal complaint. Otherwise, the Seoul Olympics have passed the half-way point without a serious complaint 10 the organisers about living conditions. "The complaints we have bad here were mostly minor things, or those related to the atbletes' own conduct." said Ann Beddow of the International Olympic Committee. The Korean organisers have gone out of their way-to meet the needs of athletes and officials from 160 participating countries. but hey have not pleased everyone. The athletes are fed up with scrambled powdered eggs and overcooked bacon for breakfast. For lunch and dinner the shoice in the story in the ner, the choice is varied but straight, solid food without frills. Roast pork and chicken do not meet the needs of some athletes. Nor does the eternal noodle, American-style coffee or Koreanstyle Ginseng tea.

Giant turtle found on Weish beach

CARDIFF. Wales (AP) - A 907-kilogramme leatherback turtle that washed up dead on a Welsh beach could be the largest ever recorded, the National Museum of Wales said Monday. "It appears to be a world record," said Peter Morgan, keeper of zoology at the museum in south Wales. "It is 2.59 metres long from its bead to the end of its tail and nearly three metres wide, measured across the flippers. 1 doubt whether they grow much bigger." Morgan said.
"There are earlier reports of leatherbacks approaching this size but this seems to be the heaviest recorded," he said.

China expects fresh Tibet unrest, tightens grip

PEKING (R) — Authorities imposed a heavy police presence around Lhasa and tight control over the city's rebellious monasteries to prevent independence protests Tuesday, a key anniversary of last year's anti-Chinese unrest.

A Westerner recently in Lhasa said the city was tense as police prepared for Sept. 27, when the arrests of Buddhist monks demonstrating for Tibetan independence last year triggered bloody rioting four days later that left several dead.

Officials have been posted at Lhasa's main monasteries since late August and hotelkeepers have been ordered to ensure foreign tourists were off the streets after 11.30 P.M., he quoted local

sources as saying. Foreign travellers provided journalists with eyewitness accounts of riot-

Trucks mounted with machineguns were seen patrolling Lhasa last week, Eyewitnesses said a lorry carrying security forces cruised anti-clockwise around the central Jokhang Temple, disrupting the flow of pilgrims who constantly circle the

Tibetans as saying full-scale unrest was unlikely because of the heavy police presence but that some residents had proposed a boycott of shops run by ethnic Chinese settlers to mark the anniversary.

Lhasa authorities have banned

the recruitment of new novice monks to monasteries since last

year's unrest, the source said. Despite a relaxation in religious policies since 1980, the monasteries are now only a fraction of their size before Communist rule and monks list govern-

clergy among their grievances. Tibetan sources said 30 monks and nuns and 40 civilians were

They said the most prominent was Yulu Dawa Tsering, a highranking Lama accused of counter-revolutionary activities and jailed in December last year for appearing in an Italian-made video on the Tibetan independ-

But the scheduled trials of him and four Tibetans charged with the murder of a policeman during the March riot have been postponed for fear of triggering more demonstrations, the Westerner quoted Tibetan sources as saying. Last year's unrest followed the ment quotas on the number of executions of two Tibetans in

The latest known protest was by a small group of nuns led away shrine in the opposite direction. still detained following unrest last by police after chanting "freedom for Tibet" in Lhasa Sept. 7.

The official New China news agency Monday quoted Tibetan government Vice-Chairman Mao Rubai as saying relations between ethnic Chinese and Tibetans were "friendly and close" and denying allegations of torture of jailed

All quiet on the northern front as Olympic roar deafens Seoul

PANMUNJOM — With the fighting fast and furious on the Olympic fields, the rice paddies of Panmunjom seem eerily calm. On this no-man's land in limbo between South and North Korea, just an hour's ride from Seoul, the only battle being waged is one of

symbols. The only clear signs of the momentous sports gathering 20 kilometres away is an Olympic flag taunting the North and the signature of Olympic swimming star Matt Biondi in the visitors' book at Camp Bonifas, the forward U.N. command at the Demilitarised Zone (DMZ).

More than balfway through the Olympics, fears of an attack by North Korea against the games have receded.

In fact, the North, which had sought to co-host the games with its arch rival, appears to be studiously ignoring the international sports meet.

"They haven't even attacked the games in their propaganda," said U.S. air force Captain David Griffard, who serves with the U.N. command. Griffard is one of 375 personnel at Camp Bonifas, adjacent to the

site of Quonset Huts where regular meetings are beld with the North 10 discuss violations of the 1953 armistice agreement that ended the three-year Korean war. Since the Olympics began, most of the commentary from the North's loudspeakers focuses on the disappointment of South

Seoul and Pyongyang, he said. Radical South Korean students, seeking unification with the North, had staged violent protests against the Olympics in the months leading up 10 the games, but their demonstrations bave

Korean students that the games were not being held jointly in

declined since the competitions began last week. The men of Camp Bonifas, about half of whom are South Koreans, bave also noticed that the North is cranking up its loudspeaker music a little more for the constant stream of tourists visiting the DMZ.

The blasts of music — a mixture of Oriental and Western tunes - are sometimes accompanied by praise for ruler Kim Il-Sung and exhortations to South Koreans to defect. But the South's propaganda machine, liberally oiled by the

United States military, is just as persistent as the North's.

The South Koreans are encouraging visitors and reporters here for the Olympics to take the opportunity to tour Panmunjom, making this the hottest attraction after the games. As many as 18 tour buses a day cross the narrow wood-planked

"Freedom Bridge" spanning the mine-strewn Imjin River and leading to the DMZ. Tours offered to reporters and photographers covering the Olympics are booked out days in advance. The visit begins with a 25-minute slide presentation, accompanied by a profusion of facts and figures about the DMZ rattled off

by a U.S. officer: There are 1,292 border markers along the 141-kilometre-long, four-kilometre-wide DMZ. The flag pole in the South Korean border village of Tae Sung Dong is 100 metres tall, while the one in its companion northern village of Gijung Dong is 160 metres tall. The North's flag itself weighs 270 kilos.

Symbols abound, the Americans call the mostly uninhabited Gijung Dong "propaganda village." The pagoda-like building which serves as headquarters for the U.S. and South Korean

armistice officers is known as "Freedom House."

Less than 100 metres away, North Koreans soldiers snap photos of the visiting reporters and peer at them through bimoculars. "Don't make any gestures to them," the media group is warned. Visitors must be dressed properly - no jeans, shorts or sneakers: "We don't want them to think we're decadent," says

Feliu. The troops who patrol the zone must be over 1.83 metre tall and over \$1 kilos in weight. The North Koreans tend to be shorter.
"The purpose is intimidation, pure intimidation," says Lieutenant Robert Ferliu, accompanying the group.





Faces of a divided peninsula - South Korea's military (top) and students (middle) constitute a potential threat to post-Olympics unity in the Sonth. Below Pyongyang students read the latest words of wisdom from North Korean leader Kim II

Pretoria rounds up activists before municipal elections formed Human Rights Commis-The Azanian Coordinating JOHANNESBURG (R) — Committee, which was formed

South Africa has rounded up scores of dissidents in a crackahead of nationwide municipal elections Oct. 26, anti-apartheid campaigners said Monday.

The anti-government Human Rights commission said about 100 people bad been detained and scores of others banned from political activity in the past seven

Next month's polls, the first simultaneous local elections for segregated, white, black, Indian, and coloured (mixed race) voters. are seen as crucial to Pretoria's cautious strategy for future political negotiations with blacks.

The government hopes elected councillors will form the nucleus of a new black political elite with whom Pretoria can negotiate re-

A spokeswoman for the newly-

sion said it had records of more than 70 people detained in the down on political opposition past week. She said the number was probably higher because of

"Raids by security forces are taking place on the offices of organisations in all centres throughout the country, which further contributes to the climate

known to be planning to disrupt

ists, including four officials of the hlack Congress of South African Trade Unions have been placed under nightly house arrest and restricted from leaving areas where they live.

after 19 other anti-government groups were banned earlier this year, said 19 of its members had delays in receiving reports of de- been placed under house arrest. Nine members of the banned United Democratic Front antiapartheid coalitinn were effectively gagged by a government

Friday.

of intimidation and harassment," she said. Last week, Law and Order Minister Adriaan Vlok said Pretoria would round up dissidents

the polls. Dozens of anti-apartheid activ-

"The detention of Pretoria's political opponents must be seen against the background of the municipal elections." former par-liamentary opposition leader Frederick Van Zyl Slabbert told Reuters.

order barring them from public

speaking and press interviews last

"It is paradoxical to expect the broadening of democracy when the very conditions in which a democracy has to thrive are undermined." he said.

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

Namphy is broke

SANTO DOMINGO (AP) — Lieutenant-General Henri Namphy is broke and will have to leave the luxury hotel suite he has occupied here suite here. Salvadoreans classification of the here suite here suite here suite here suite here suite here suite here.

U.S., Salvadoreans classification of the suite here suite here suite here. Salvadoreans classification of the suite here suite here suite here. Salvadoreans classification of the suite here suite here suite here. Salvadoreans classification of the suite here suite here suite here suite here. Salvadoreans classification of the suite here suite here suite here suite here suite here. Salvadoreans classification of the suite here suite here suite here suite here. Salvadoreans classification of the suite here suite here suite here suite here. Salvadoreans classification of the suite here suite here suite here. Salvadoreans classification of the suite here suite here suite here suite here. Salvadoreans classification of the suite here suite here suite here. Salvadoreans classification of the suite here. Salvadoreans classification at the Dominican Concorde botel will be paid by the Dominican government but he will have to leave the botel by the week's end, the official said. In a televised interview, Herrera said Nampby bas received some economic aid from a group of Haitian businessmen residing in the Dominican Republic and from Dominican friends.

Punjab floods kill 70

CHANDIGARH (AP) — Indian army boats and helicopters evacuated thousands of marooned people to safety Monday after incessant rains inundated the northern state of Punjah, killing at least 70 people since the rains started, authorities said. Thirty-five power stations were ordered shut to prevent electrocution, plunging flood-hit areas of Jalandhar, Ludhiana, Amritsar, Kapurthala and Hoshiarour into darkness, officials said. Disrupted road and rail links, and continuous rains for the fourth straight day Monday furter hampered relief efforts. Flood waters also covered the neighbouring states of Haryana, Himachal Pradesb and Jammu and Kashmir, killing nearly 200 people, Officials said.

Food aid decreases

WASHINGTON (AP) — Food aid to needy countries has dropped and could decline such as dropped and could decline such as countries has dropped and could decline further because of rising commodity prices, according to U.S. Agriculture Department analysts. The U.N. Food and Agriculture Organisation estimates that provided 65 per cent of last year's 10.5 million tons cost effective.

and "was followed distantly" by the European Economic Community with 15 per cent: Canada, 10 per cent; and Japan and Australia. each with about 3 per cent.

did not have time to bring money. Namphy's bills cross-fire between rebels and Salvadorean troops, a U.S. army spokeswoman said Tuesday. It was the first time that American advisers, officially called trainers, are known to have fired on rebels in the eight years of civil war in that country. "There were three Americans involved." Army Major Cathy Wood told Reuters. "These guys were caught in the middle of a cross-fire. The rebels were firing on the Salvadorean army and these guys returned the fire in self-defence."

Cure for blindness

NEW YORK (AP) - Scientists have taken a major step toward curing a disease that causes blindness, saving the eyesight of experimental rats hy transplanting retinal cells in their eyes, according to a published report. Two groups of scientists have succeeded in performing the transplants and preventing a type of blindness in the rats, the New York Times reported Sunday. The researchers said the procedure would bave to be repeated on monkeys and other animals before it could be tried on human beings, the Times reported. According to the Retinitis Pigmentosa Foundation in Baltimore, degenerative diseases of the retina occur in 400,000 living Americans. Macular degeneration, one of these diseases, is the leading cause of

Itallan rail strike

aid in the form of cereal grain shipments during the year which ran from July 1, 1987, through June

ROME (R) — Italy's rail services were paralysed the year which ran from July 1, 1987, through June

Monday by a 24-hour national strike by workers in 30, 1988, was about 10.5 million metric tons, down 14 per cent from 12.2 million tons in 1986-1987.
Ray Nightingale of the U.S. Department's Economic Research Service said the United States years and modernise the system to make it more